PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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N. A. FOSTER, PROPRIETOR.

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THE MAINE STATE PRESS, is published at the same place every Thursday morning at $2.00 a year, invariably in advance.

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$1.50 per square daily first week; 75 cents per week after; three insertions, or less, $1.00; continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.
Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.
Under head of "AMUSEMENTS," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, $1.25 per square for the first insertion, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1.00 per square for first insertion and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

BUSINESS CARDS.

LEVI S. BROWN,
DEALER IN
GAS FIXTURES,
Chandeliers, Pendants and Brackets.
No. 96 Federal, near Temple St.

Piping done on the most reasonable terms.
December 2. dislm

DR. BUZZELL,
Has resumed his residence,
Corner Park and Pleasant Streets.
Office hours from 8 to 9, A. M. 2 to 4, P. M.
November 11. dtf

HOLDEN & PEABODY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Office, 229 1-2 Congress Street,
Near the Court House.
A. E. HOLDEN. sep6th H. C. PEABODY.

WRIGHT & BUCK,
Proprietors of Greenwood Mill,
BUCKSVILLE, S. C.
DEALERS in Yellow Pine Timber and Ship Stock. Orders solicited.
REFERENCES—R. P. Buck & Co., New York; Wm. McGilvery, Esq., Searsport; Ryan & Davis, Portland. mar28dlf

C. G. DOWNES,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 233 1-2 Congress Street,
CORNER OF CHESTNNT
August 30, 1866. n dtf

RICHARDSON & BARNARD,
Commission & Shipping Merchants,
Savannah, Ga.
Particular attention given to the sale of Eastern Hay, chartering of vessels, and filling Timber and Lumber orders.
Refer—In Boston to Messrs W. B. Reynolds & Co.; Spencer, Vila & Co.; J. Richardson & Bro's; G. M. Barnard & Co. sep14-d3m

Gray, Lufkin & Perry,
MANUFACTURERS
AND JOBBERS OF
HATS, CAPS, FURS,
—AND—
Straw Goods!
54 & 56 Middle St. over Woodman, True & Co's,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Apr 9-dtf

STIMSON, BABCOCK,
—AND—
LIVERMORE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Varnishes, Japans, &c.
32 BROAD STREET, BOSTON.
AUGUSTINE G. STIMSON, JOHN BABCOCK,
sep25 JOHN LIVERMORE. d3m

DEERING, MILLIKEN & CO.,
— JOBBERS OF —
DRY GOODS,
AND —
WOOLENS,
Have this day removed to the new and spacious store erected for them
58 and 60 Middle St.,
On the Old Site occupied by them previous to the great fire.
Portland, March 16. tf

M. F. KING,
PHOTOGRAPHIST,
137 Middle street,
PORTLAND, ME.
june 12dtf

JOHN E. DOW, Jr.,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
And Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
JAUNCEY COURT,
43 Wall Street, - - - New York City.
Commissioner for Maine and Massachusetts.
Jan. 29 dtf

W. T. BROWN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 90 1-2 Commercial Street,
(Thomas Block,)
WILLARD T. BROWN, } PORTLAND.
WALTER H. BROWN, }
Sole Wholesale Agents for the Boston Match Co. for Maine. By permission refer to Dana & Co., J. W. Perkins & Co., Josiah H. Drummond, Burgess, Fobes & Co. june26ddtf

W. H. PHILLIPS,
CARPENTER, BUILDER,
And Ship Joiner.
Circular and Jig Sawing done with despatch. Mouldings of all kinds, Doors, Sash and Blinds made or furnished to order.
338 Commercial St., (foot of Park St.,)
PORTLAND, MAINE, au29dtf

NATHAN WEBB,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
No. 61 Exchange St.
July 8-dtf

C. J. SCHUMACHER,
FRESCO PAINTER.
Office at the Drug Store of Messrs. A. G. Schlotterbeck & Co.,
303 Congress St, Portland, Me,
ja12dtf One door above Brown.

Charles P. Mattocks,
Attorney and Counseller at Law,
CANAL BANK BUILDING,
No. 80 Middle Street - - - Portland.
feb18dtf

G. A. SUSSKRAUT,
IMPORTER,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Furs, Hats and Caps,
136 Middle Street,
PORTLAND, - - MAINE.
Cash paid for Shipping Furs. sep20dtf

HOWARD & CLEAVES,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Office No. 30 Exchange Street,
Joseph Howard, jy5 6d-1y Nathan Cleaves.

WALTER COREY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
FURNITURE!
Looking Glasses, Mattresses,
Spring Beds, &c.
Clapp's Block, Kennebec Street,
(Opposite Foot of Chestnut,)
Feb5dtf PORTLAND.

S. FREEMAN & CO.,
Commission Merchants!
121 Broad street,
SAMUEL FREEMAN, } NEW YORK.
E. D. APPLETON. }
Particular attention given to the purchasing of Flour and Grain.
References—David Keazer, Esq., E. McKenney & Co., W. & C. R. Milliken, J. B. Carroll, Esq., T. H. Weston & Co. june18dtf

A. N. NOYES & SON,
Manufacturers and dealers in
Stoves, Ranges & Furnaces,
Can be found in their
NEW BUILDING ON LIME ST.,
(Opposite the Market.)
Where they will be pleased to see all their former customers and receive orders as usual. aug17dtf

G. HERBERT CRAWFORD. GILBERT R. PUGSLEY.
CRAWFORD & PUGSLEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office corner of PRINCESS and CROSS STREETS,
Saint John, New Brunswick.
Claims collected and promptly paid over. nov20d5w*

M. D. L. LANE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
No. 150 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.
November 27. eod2m

BUSINESS CARDS.

TURNER & SMITH,
Druggists and Apothecaries,
Cor. Congress & Washington Sts.
Physicians' prescriptions carefully put up, one of the members of the firm having had ten years' experience in this department.
December 2. d3w

H. M. PAYSON,
STOCK BROKER.
No. 30 Exchange Street,
PORTLAND ME no21dt

W. W. HARNDEN,
Ship and Steamboat Joiner
Extension and Sale Tables, Writing Desks, Wardrobes of all kinds made of Walnut, Oak, or Chestnut; Stores fitted out, and Jobbing attended to.
Cor. of Park & Commercial Sts, Portland.
Refers by permission to Capt. J. B. Coyle and oss & Sturdivant. jy18eod6m

GEORGE L. FICKETT,
Druggist and Apothecary,
AND DEALER IN
English & American Fancy Goods,
No. 143 Congress, near Washington Street,
PORTLAND, ME.
Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded. sep21d3m

DAVIS, CHAPMAN & HASKELL,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods and Woolens
and agents for the
Warren Cassimeres and Flannels
NO. 18 FREE STREET.
They beg leave to call the attention of the trade to their
New and Extensive Stock of Goods,
which they are prepared to sell on as favorable terms as can be obtained in this or any other market.
Portland, Sept. 26, 1867. d3m

Dr. W. R. Johnson,
DENTIST,
Office No. 13 1-2 Free Street,
Second House from H. H. Hay's Apothecary Store.
Ether administered when desired and thought advisable. jy22eodtf

SAMUEL F. COBB,
No. 355 Congress Street,
NEAR HEAD OF GREEN STREET.
PIANO FORTES, Melodeons, Organs, Guitars, Violins, Banjos, Flutinas, Music Boxes, Concertinas, Accordeons, Tamborines, Flutes, Flageolets, Picalos, Clarionets, Violin Bows, Music Stools, Music Stands, Drums, Fifes, Sheet Music, Music Books, Violin and Guitar Strings, Stereoscopes and Views, Umbrellas, Canes, Clocks, Bird Cages, Looking Glasses, Albums, Stationery, Pens, Ink, Rocking Horses, Pictures and Frames, Fancy Baskets, Children's Carriages and a great variety of other articles.
Old Pianos Taken in Exchange for New.
Pianos and Melodeons tuned and to rent.
April 6—tf

NOTICE,
IS hereby given that the "Boothbay Marine Railway," at Townsend Harbor, (so called) is finished and ready for work. It has two Cradles, taking up two vessels at a time, of two hundred tons each.
The one on the lower Cradle can be launched while the one on the upper remains, both can be hauled up together and both launched together.
There is fourteen feet of water on the lower Cradle at common tide. They are located in a very desirable place, as they run North and South and have the sun on both sides. They are built of the very best material and with great care and skill by Mr. Edward G. Loring, of Provincetown, Mass.
There will be kept constantly on hand, suitable material for repairing, painting and caulking vessels.
All labor will be done with dispatch and at as low a rate as possible. Should be pleased to have our friends call on us.
JOSEPH NICKERSON, Boothbay, Prest.
ERASTUS NICKERSON, Boothbay, Clerk & Treas.
DIRECTORS:
ALLEN LEWIS, Boothbay,
THOMAS MARRS, Southport,
WARREN HOUGHTON, Bath.
October 12-d2m

M. H. REDDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 107 FEDERAL STREET.
We have in store one of the finest assortment of ENGLISH, GERMAN, FRENCH and DOMESTIC CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., that can be found in Portland. These goods have been selected with great care and especially adapted to the fashionable *trade*, and at prices that cannot fail to please, and all *goods* thoroughly shrunk and satisfaction guaranteed.
A call is respectfully solicited. Thankful to friends for past patronage, hoping to merit a continuance of the same.
M. H. REDDY, Proprietor.
Jan9dtf

THE
Concrete Pavement
Is the best and cheapest in use for
Sidewalks, Gardenwalks,
Street Paving, Crossings,
Cellars, Stable and Warehouse Floors.
It is more durable than brick, and is easy and elastic to the foot. Can be laid in any place where a solid permanent floor is required, for two-thirds the price of Brick or Cement and in Gardens or Carriage Drives without curb-stone.
The subscribers having purchased the right to lay the Concrete in this city are now prepared to lay anything from a Garden-walk to a Street-crossing.
Every Walk warranted to give perfect satisfaction.
Orders Left at No. 6 South Street,
Promptly attended to.
Gatley, Sheridan & Griffiths.
The very best references given.
Portland, May 27, 1867. dtf

SWAN & BARRETT,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
NO. 15 EXCHANGE STREET,
OFFER FOR SALE
5-20's of 1864, 1865 and 1867!
STATE OF MAINE BONDS,
CITY OF PORTLAND BONDS,
CITY OF ST. LOUIS BONDS.
CITY OF CHICAGO 7 PER CENT. SCHOOL BONDS.
This bond is protected by an ample sinking fund, and is a choice security for those seeking a safe and remunerative investment.
June and July 7.30's
Converted into New 5.20's,
On Very Favorable Terms.
Holders of SEVEN-THIRTIES gain nothing by delaying conversion.
Holders of 5.20's of 1862, will find a large profit in exchanging for other Government Bonds.
September 20. dtf

Cloths! Cloths!
Just received a large assortment of Goods for
Over Coatings!
SUITS, &c.
Come and see me!
A. E. WEBB,
NO. 3 FREE STREET BLOCK.
September 17, dtf

Taunton Copper Co.
Yellow Metal and Copper Sheathing,
Nails, Spikes and Bolts,
FOR SALE BY
LYMAN SON & TOBEY, Agents,
155 Commercial st.
Portland, May 22, 1867. may23dtf

Bricks.
150,000 BRICKS For sale at a bargain. For particulars enquire of SAWYER & VARNEY, 62 Commercial St. or of Vital Cassant, at the kiln on Portland St.
November 1. dtf

THOSE SUFFERING FROM
Heart Disease, Shortness of Breath, Cough or Humors,
USE
Hanson & Kieler's Tonic Aromatic Syrup,
And for testimony enquire of Edward Buckman 31 Portland st, Chas. F. Randall 27 Waterville st, Henry J. Dyer 23 Alder st, H. Johnson 97 Washington st, all of Portland, Me; Charlotte P. Swett, Sophia Smith, Falmouth, Me. For sale by H. H. Hay, and all medical dealers in the State. oc26dtf

For Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale cheap for cash his steam Scow driven by an eight horse power engine with connecting gear to propeller! has two hoisting gears, one quick and one slow, has been used for hoisting stone and coal, has two water tanks and everything in running order; can be seen at Biddeford. For further particulars, price, &c., address JAMES ANDREWS,
oc22dtf Biddeford, Maine.

NOTICE. I will sell on favorable terms as to payment, or let for a term of years, the lots on the corner of Middle and Franklin streets, and on Franklin street, including the corner of Franklin and Fore streets. Apply to WM. HILLIARD, Bangor or SMITH & REED, Attorneys, Portland. jy12tf

Coffins, Caskets, Desks,
Show Cases and Office Furniture,
Of Every Description,
Made from the best material and by EXPERIENCED WORKMEN, at
C. H. BLAKE'S,
sept18dtf No. 10 Cross St., Portland, Me.

PAINTS AND OILS,
Drugs, Medicines, Dyestuffs, Window Glass.
AGENTS FOR
Forest River & Warren Lead Co.'s
CRAFTS & WILLIAMS,
Nos. 5 and 6 Commercial Wharf, Boston.
Dec4—TuThSdly

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.
WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS!
WOOLENS,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
AND SMALL WARES,
Have this day removed to Woodman's Block,
Corner of Middle and Pearl Streets,
Nearly opposite their old site.
Agents for Maine for the World-renowned
Linen Finish Collar!
With Cloth at the Button Hole, and
Gray's Patent Molded Collar
—ALSO—
Agents for Singers Sewing Machine.
WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.
Portland, Dec 2d, 1867. dec3d4w

REMOVAL.
The offices of the
Portland Sugar Company,
and of
J. R. BROWN & SONS,
are removed to the new buildings,
Corner of Commercial Street and Browns' Wharf.
December 2. d1w

REMOVAL.
HEARN & CO.
Have removed to their new store on the corner of **Congress and North Streets,** where they will constantly keep a full assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Groceries & Provisions.
November 12. dtf

REMOVAL.
S. W. LARRABEE
HAS removed from Central Wharf to Richardson's Wharf Commercial Street, opposite Cotton Street, where he will be happy to see all his *old* customers, and to serve *hosts* of *new* ones. Orders for
Dimension Lumber, Pine, Spruce, &c.,
SOLICITED.
CLAPBOARDS, SHINGLES.
Doors, Sash and Blinds!
—AND—
Building Material
furnished at short notice.
October 19. dtf

REMOVAL.
H. M. BREWER,
(Successor to J. Smith & Co.)
Manufacturer of Leather Belting,
Has removed to
NO. 92 MIDDLE STREET,
Marrett & Poor's New Block, where may be found a full assortment of Leather Belting, as cheap, and equal to any in New England. Belting and Loom Straps made to order. Also for sale, Belt Leather Backs and Sides, Leather Trimmings, Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, Copper Rivets and Burs. jy19dtf

A. MERRILL,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
has removed to 144½ Exchange Street, opposite present Post Office. july9dtf

REMOVAL.
JAMES O'DONNELL,
Counsellor at Law,
Notary Public & Commissioner of Deeds,
Has removed to Clapp's New Block,
COR. EXCHANGE AND FEDERAL STREETS,
Jan 15. (Over Sawyer's Fruit Store.) dtf

REMOVAL!
W. H. CLIFFORD,
Counsellor at Law,
And Solicitor of Patents,
Has Removed to
Corner of Brown and Congress Streets,
ja16 BROWN'S NEW BLOCK. dtf

JORDAN & RANDALL
HAVING REMOVED TO THE
Store No. 145 Middle St.,
(Evans Block,)
Would respectfully invite the trade to examine their stock of
Tailors' Trimmings,
Selected Expressly for this Market.
By personal attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.
WILLIAM P. JORDAN,
GEO. A. RANDALL.
Portland, March 18, 1867. dtf

The Subscriber is Agent for the sale of the celebrated **Pianos,** made by **Steinway & Sons,** who were awarded the
First Premium over all Competitors
At the great
PARIS EXPOSITION.
And consequently stand ahead of the WORLD in the manufacture of PIANO FORTES.
I also keep a large assortment of other FIRST-CLASS MAKERS, which I can sell at the manufacturers' lowest prices.
Old Pianos taken in exchange for New.
Pianos to Rent.
Tuning and Repairing promptly attended to.
Wareroom 337 Congress Street.
WM. G. TWOMBLY.
(Formerly of the firm of C. Edwards & Co.)
aug6dtf

Union Street Eating House.
S. M. KNIGHT,
Formerly of Gothic Hall Eating House,
Would inform his friends and the public that he has in connection with
Mr. Benj. E. Heseltine,
Re-opened a Saloon for
LADIES & GENTLEMEN,
Near the old site, but a few rods below, where they should be pleased to see the Old Customers and as many new as may wish to favor us with a call.
S. M. KNIGHT, BENJ. E. HASELTINE.
Portland, July 6-dtf

Gas Fixtures! Gas Fixtures!
We have connected GAS FIXTURES with our business of
Steam and Gas Fittings,
IRON RAILINGS, WINDOW SHUTTERS,
Gratings, Pumps, &c., &c,
and are now prepared to furnish them as low as they can be purchased in Boston.
Our stock is entirely new, and is selected from the latest and most fashionable styles.
We invite persons who intend to purchase fixtures to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
C. M. & H. T. PLUMMER,
Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Union Street, Portland, Me.
September 12. dtf

THOMES, SMARDON & CO.,
JOBBERS OF
WOOLENS,
AND
Tailors' Trimmings!
AGENTS FOR THE
Ne Plus Ultra Collar Comp'y,
BIDDEFORD, ME.
56 Union Street,
(First Door from Middle.)
Francis O. Thomes. je20 r&s tf Geo. H. Smardon

FOR SALE.
ONE EIGHT HORSE POWER
Portable Engine.
W. H. PHILLIPS.
3 Commercial St., foot of Park St.
Portland, Aug 29.-dtf

Peaches, Damsons, &c.
Just received a large lot of
Fresh Peaches & Damsons in Cans.
Also Dried Peaches, Strawberries and Raspberries which I am selling cheap, at the
JAPANESE TEA STORE.
WM. L. WILSON.
no16dtf No. 85 Federal St.

CLOTHING
Cleansed and Repaired
BY WILLIAM BROWN, formerly at 91 Federal street, is now located at his new store No 64 Federal st, a few doors below Lime street, will attend to his usual business of Cleansing and Repairing Clothing of all kinds with his usual promptness.
Second-hand Clothing for sale at fair prices.
Jan 8—eodtf

Portland, Saco & Portsmouth Railroad Co.
DIVIDEND No 48 will be paid December 9th, to Stockholders recorded November 30th, 1867.
dec2dtw E. NOTT, Treas.

INSURANCE.

BAY STATE
Fire Insurance Company!
OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS.
Capital Stock authorized, $300,000
Capital Stock paid in $104,800
INVESTMENTS:

Shares Bank Stock:	
5 Quinsigamond Bank,	$550 00
85 City Bank, Worcester,	3500 00
19 Southbridge Bank,	1000 00
103 Bank of Commerce, Boston,	11550 00
8 First National Bank, Boston,	1200 00
34 Webster Bank, Boston,	3651 00
89 Bank of the Republic, Boston,	6525 00
12 Eagle Bank, Boston,	1400 00
15 Hide and Leather Bank, Boston,	2160 00
32 Revere Bank, Boston,	4256 00
12 Boston National, Boston,	1200 00
18 Market Bank, Boston,	1894 00
12 Atlas Bank, Boston,	1200 00
	$45,099 00
Shares Railroad Stock:	
62 Boston & Worcester Railroad,	7722 00
50 Fitchburg Railroad,	6150 00
	$13,872 00
Bonds:	
5000 State of Vermont 6's,	5000 00
United States Securities:	
10000 81's,	11225 00
50500 5-20's,	54411 00
	$65,636 00
Loans:	
5500 L. Barnard, 55 City Bk. col.,	5500 00
95.0 City of Worcester,	9500 00
	$14,500 00
Amount at risk November 1st, 1867,	$4,431,452 68

The following statement exhibits the assets and liabilities of the Company:

Investments at market value,	$144,107 00
Cash,	9,294 97
Premiums unpaid,	1,123 71
Office Furniture,	500 00
Accrued Interest,	1,200 00
	$156,225 68
Capital Stock,	$104,800 00
Losses unpaid,	9,175 00
Dividend,	4,412 63
Surplus,	37,838 05
	$156,225 68

The foregoing is a true statement of the condition of the Bay State Fire Insurance Company, of Worcester, Massachusetts, on the 1st of November, A. D. 1867.
WM. S. DAVIS, Pres.
L. C. PARKS, Sec'y.
WORCESTER, ss. November 23, 1867.
Personally appeared the above named W. S. Davis and T. C. Parks, and made solemn oath that the foregoing statement by them subscribed is true, to the best of their knowledge and belief.
EDWARD MELLEN,
Justice of the Peace.
J. H. WEBSTER, Agent,
First National Bank Building, Cor. of Middle and Plum Streets.
November 28. eod3w

Life Insurance.
NATIONAL
Travelers' Insurance Comp'y,
OF NEW YORK.
OFFICERS:
JAMES R. DOW, President.
E. H. JONES, Vice-President.
J. H. TAYLOR, Secretary.
J. A. WHITE, M. D, Medical Examiner.
This Company issues all kinds of Life, Endowment, and Joint-Life Policies, Annuities, &c.
Special Features.
It issues WHOLE-WORLD POLICIES, permitting unrestricted Freedom in Travel and Change of Residence without Permits or Extra Premiums.
REGISTERED POLICIES, Guaranteed by the State of New York.
It allows THIRTY DAYS' GRACE in Payment of Premiums.
ONE-THIRD THE PREMIUM may remain unpaid as a Loan.
***$225,000** deposited with the State Insurance Department of the State of New York as a perpetual Security for its Policy-holders.*
NO CHARGE for Policy-fee nor Medical Examination.
POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE.
PROFITS OF THE COMPANY ANNUALLY DIVIDED.
N. S. GARDINER,
General Agent for Maine,
30 Exchange Street.
November 11-d3m

Fire Insurance!
W. D. LITTLE & CO.,
General Insurance Agents
And Underwriters,
No. 49 1-2 Exchange St., 2d Story.
Continue to represent the following SOUND AND RELIABLE COMPANIES, viz:
PHŒNIX, of Hartford, Conn
MERCHANTS, of Hartford, "
NORTH AMERICAN, of Hartford, "
CITY FIRE, of Hartford, "
ATLANTIC, of Providence, R. I
ATLANTIC MUTUAL of Exeter, N. H.
And are prepared to ISSUE POLICIES as heretofore on DWELLINGS, STORES, MERCHANDIZE, and OTHER GOOD PROPERTY, at the MOST FAVORABLE RATES.
Buildings in process of construction and Farm property insured on highly favorable terms.
These Companies were among the first to pay their losses by the great fire in this city, without subjecting the insured to vexation, discount or expense of any kind. aug26dtf

NEW FIRM.
The subscribers have this day associated themselves together in business as
UNDERWRITERS
—AND—
General Insurance Agents,
under the firm name of
DOW, COFFIN & LIBBY,
and taken the office recently occupied by Messrs. Foye, Coffin & Swan,
NO. 15 EXCHANGE STREET,
Ocean Insurance Company's Block.
Having purchased the interests and secured all the facilities of the two firms now combined, we are able to carry the LARGEST LINES in every department of insurance in
FIRST CLASS COMPANIES,
and at satisfactory rates.
JOHN DOW,
J. H. COFFIN,
FRANK W. LIBBY.
Portland, July 1, 1867. july13dtf

INSURE YOUR HORSES
WITH THE
HARTFORD
Live Stock Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Cash Assets $200,000.
W. D. Little & Co.,
General Agents,
Office 49 1-2 Exchange Street
This company issues Policies on **Horses** and other Live Stock, against **death** (by fire or any other cause) and **THEFT,** at moderate rates of premium. Every person owning a Good Horse should insure.
aug 26dtf

EVERYBODY
Who wants a *good drain,* a *cheap drain,* and a *permanent*
Drain, Sewer or Culvert!
SECURES IT BY USING
HYDRAULIC CEMENT PIPE
Please leave your orders the day before it is wanted to use, with
HANSON & DOW,
No. 54½ Union Street, or at the Factory, 163 Danforth Street.
Terms cash on delivery.
J. W. STOCKWELL & CO.
October 30. eodtf

STAR AXLES!
MANUFACTURED FROM BEST
FAGOTED — KINSLEY & MCCOY CANTON MASS. — SCRAP!
PERFECT FITTING NUTS.
FULL THREADS,
uniform in size, thoroughly inspected, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Kinsley Iron & Machine Co., Canton, Ms
October 2. eod3m

Cheapest and best
Cheapest and best
Teas, Teas, Teas, Teas,
Teas, Teas, Teas, Teas,
Coffee, Coffee, Coffee!
Coffee, Coffee, Coffee!
Save your money
Save your money
By buying
By buying
Your Tea and Coffee of the Great American Tea Co.,
21 Free Street. dec2dlm

SCHOOLS.

Kindergarten School.
THE Winter Term of this School for Children will commence on Monday, Dec 9th, at Union Hall Entrance on Free street. dc6dlw*

Forest City Academy,
Hopkins Block 149 1-2 Middle St.
THIS Institution will be open for the reception of pupils of both sexes on Wednesday, Dec. 4th, and continue during the winter months; where all branches of the English department will be thoroughly and practically taught: Afternoons will be devoted exclusively, for instruction in Penmanship, Orthography, and Book-keeping to which the ladies are especially invited, and others interested in these indispensable branches of an accomplished education.
Pupils can enter at any time.
Terms Reasonable, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Day Sessions from 9 till 12 and 2 till 4 P M.
Evening Session from 7 till 9.
For further information in relation to terms &c., please call as above day or evening.
G. W. NOYES, Principal.
Dec 2. d1w

Portland Academy.
Union Hall, - Entrance Free St.
Winter Term begins December 2d, and continues ten weeks.
TERMS $1.00 PER WEEK.
STUDENTS of all ages and attainments received at any time during the term. A regular and systematic course of study is here pursued, affording all the advantages of a public school. Combined with this is an elective course, adapted to the advancement and necessities of each student. Particular attention given to classes pursuing the languages, students fitting for College, &c.
Private instruction on reasonable terms.
The Winter Term of Evening School commences same date.
This is designed especially for the study of Book-Keeping, Arithmetic, and those branches relating more immediately to a business education, although other studies may be pursued at the option of the student.
Clerks and others occupied during the day, will find this an excellent opportunity to perfect themselves in the essential principles of business transactions.
TERMS $3.00 PER MONTH.
For references apply to No. 23 Hanover Street.
P. J. LARRABEE, A. B., Principal.
November 25. d1wteod2w

Norway Academy!
THE Winter Term of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, December 4th, 1867, and continue ten weeks.
CHARLES D. BARROWS, A. B. Principal.
EDWIN F. AMBROSE, A. B., Associate Principal.
Miss H. E. DENISON, Teacher of Music.
Assistant Teachers of acknowledged experience and ability have been secured.
Students should apply in person or by letter to the Principal, to Rev. N. Gunnison, to J. A. Denison, Esq., and to Freeland Howe, Esq., at Norway.
Nov 21-d2w

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW STORE
—AND—
NEW GOODS!
P. B. FROST,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Having decided to change his location of business in January, 1868, and being desirous to open at that time a
New Stock of Goods!
would call the special attention of his former patrons and all in want of
CLOTHING!
to his present
STOCK of WOOLENS,
which he will sell **at prices so low** that no person need go without a garment on account of the price. You have only to call and be assured you can purchase as good a garment, and at
A MUCH LESS PRICE!
than at any other establishment in this city
FOR CASH!
My present stock
MUST BE SOLD!
and I mean what I say. I will sell
Fine Heavy Overcoats
From $30.00 to $40.00.
Former price $55.00 to $60.00.
Fine French Suits
From $35.00 to $45.00.
Former price $50.00 to $60.00.
Fine American Suits
From $30.00 to $35.00.
Former price $45.00 to $50.00.
Fine French Fancy Pants
From $10.00 to $12.00.
Former price $16.00 to $18.00.
and all other goods in like proportion of discount.—This reduction of price is not made to undersell other establishments, but I am determined to sell my own.
We have on hand a large stock of
Ladies' Cloak Goods!
that will be
Sold at a Large Discount from Cost!
which will be
CUT AND MADE TO ORDER!
if desired. Call early and secure the best selections.
P. B. FROST,
NO. 332 1-2 CONGRESS STREET.
Portland, Dec. 2, 1867. d1m

New Stock of Dry Goods!
W. & F. P. ADAMS,
WOULD hereby inform their friends and the public that they have taken the stand
No. 345 Congress St.,
Recently occupied by Edwin A. Marrett, Esq., and are now opening a
FULL & CHOICE STOCK
— OF —
DRY GOODS,
Consisting in part of
German Broad Cloths,
Moscow and Castor Beavers,
Black and Fancy Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Meltons, &c
Ladies Dress Goods in Great Variety,
In new and Choice Styles and Fabrics.
Black Silks, Ladies Cloakings, Shawls,
Muslins, Jaconet Cambric's and other White Goods, Domestics and Housekeeping goods, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c.
All our goods are new, and selected with care from the various markets, bought exclusively for cash, at the current low rates, and will be sold uniformly at the very lowest market prices.
W. & F. P. ADAMS.
Portland, Sept 30, 1867. oc1dtw teodtf

Flour, Oats and Rye.
500 BARRELS Howard Street, Baltimore, extra Flour.
3,500 Bushels Oats.
500 " Rye.
Just received and for sale by
CHASE BROTHERS,
oct24eodtf Head Long Wharf.

MILLINERY!
MRS. COLBY
CONTINUES to do business at her dwelling house No. 4 Cotton Street, a few doors from Free Street, where can be found a choice selection of
Millinery, comprising every Late Style.
October 26. d1wteodtf

LIVERY STABLE!
BOARDING AND BAITING
By the subscriber, in the stable recently occupied by Samuel Adams, year of
LANCASTER HALL!
Prices reasonable.
July 23. dtf B. P. RUGG, Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE
Washington Library
COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA.
Is chartered by the *State of Pennsylvania* and Organized in aid of the
Riverside Institute!
For Educating Gratuitously
Soldiers' & Sailor's Orphans,
Incorporated by the State of New Jersey, April 8th, 1867.
Subscription One Dollar.
The Washington Library Comp'y
By Virtue of their Charter,
AND IN
Accordance with its Provisions,
WILL DISTRIBUTE
Three Hundred Thousand Dollars
IN PRESENTS,
— TO —
THE SHAREHOLDERS!
— ON —
Wednesday, 8th of January next,
AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
— OR AT —
The Institute, Riverside, N. J.

One Present	worth	$40,000.
One Present	worth	$20,000.
One Present	worth	$10,000.
One Present	worth	$5,000.
Two Present	worth	$2,500 each
One Present	Worth	$18,000.

2 Presents, Valued at	$15,000 each,	$30,000
1 Present, Valued at		10,000
4 Presents, Valued at	$5,000 each,	20,000
2 Presents, Valued at	3,000 each,	6,000
3 Presents, Valued at	1,000 each,	3,000
20 Presents, Valued at	500 each,	10,000
10 Present, Valued at	300 each,	3,000
3 Presents, Valued at	250 each,	750
20 Presents, Valued at	225 each,	4,500
55 Presents, Valued at	200 each,	11,000
50 Presents, Valued at	175 each,	8,750
110 Presents, Valued at	100 each,	11,000
20 Presents, Valued at	75 each,	1,500
10 Presents, Valued at	50 each,	500

The remaining Presents consist of articles of use and value, appertaining to the diffusion of Literature and the fine arts, $82,000.

Each Certificate of Stock is accompanied with a
BEAUTIFUL
Steel-Plate Engraving
WORTH MORE AT RETAIL THAN THE COST OF CERTIFICATE,
And also insures to the holder a
PRESENT
In the Great Distribution!

Subscription One Dollar.
Any person sending us ONE DOLLAR, or paying the same to our local Agents, will receive immediately a fine Steel Plate Engraving, at choice from the following list, and one Certificate of Stock, insuring one Present in the GREAT DISTRIBUTION.
ONE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.
No. 1.—"My Child! My Child!" No. 2.—"They're Saved! They're Saved!" No. 3.—"Old Seventy-six; or, the Early Days of the Revolution."
Any person paying TWO DOLLARS will receive either of the following fine Steel Plates, at choice, and Two Certificates of Stock, thus becoming entitled to Two Presents.
TWO DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.
No. 1.—"Washington's Courtship." No. 2.—"Washington's Last Interview with his Mother."
THREE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.
Any person paying THREE DOLLARS will receive the beautiful Steel Plate of
"HOME FROM THE WAR,"
and Three Certificates of Stock, becoming entitled to Three Presents.
FOUR DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.
Any person paying FOUR DOLLARS shall receive the large and beautiful Steel Plate of
"THE PERILS OF OUR FOREFATHERS,"
and Four Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Four Presents.
FIVE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.
Any person who pays FIVE DOLLARS shall receive the large and splendid Steel Plate of
"THE MARRIAGE OF POCAHONTAS,"
and Five Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Five Presents.
The Engravings and Certificates will be delivered to each subscriber at our Local Agencies, or sent by mail, post paid, or express, as may be ordered.

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,
Situate at Riverside, Burlington County, New Jersey, is founded for the purpose of gratuitously educating the sons of deceased Soldiers and Seamen of the United States.
The Board of Trustees consists of the following well-known citiz

THE PRESS.

Saturday Morning, December 7, 1867.

☞ *First Page to-day*—A Deserving Candidate; Farming in the Aroostook Valley; Varieties.

Fourth Page—The Love Romance of Benjamin West.

AN ENGLISHMAN, Mr. Walter Bagehot, has written a work of great repute, on the British Constitution in which he says that the issue of paper money is one of the prerogatives of the President of the United States. He affirms that "this power to issue greenbacks is decided to belong to the President as Commander-in-Chief of the army; it is part of what is called the 'war power.'" This is almost as bad as the statement of an Irish paper which said that late news from the United States was alarming; Gen. Grant had refused to deliver guns to the Maryland militia, on the ground that he wanted them to use against Congress.

THE ORIGINAL ESTIMATE of the War Department for the support of the army during the ensuing fiscal year was $51,000,000, but a revised estimate, based upon the number of troops remaining in the service after the execution of Grant's order for the reduction of the army lessens the sum nearly sixteen million dollars. The entire estimates will accordingly be reduced from $77,000,000 to about $61,000,000.

LOTTERIES.—It is astonishing that men capable of counting ten can be persuaded to invest in lottery tickets. If a man chooses to *spend* money which he can afford to spare in this way, we can only wonder at his taste. But that anybody should think of *investing* savings in a business in which the chances of failure are a hundred, a thousand, or ten thousand to one, denotes a lack of capacity for the simplest calculations wonderful to contemplate. We publish this morning a letter from a sufferer by a bogus lottery. In that case there were *no* prizes. But in *bona fide* lotteries there are very few prizes. The only difference between an investment in a bogus or in a genuine lottery is, that in the former you are quite, and in the latter almost certain to lose your money.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—Unless some one shall tell us who wrote the letters of Junius or answer that still unsolved inquiry, "Who struck Billy Patterson," the Providence Press may properly claim to have made the most important discovery of the age. It has found out who McCracken is—McCracken, whose listening ear at key-hole and window and door ajar lost Motley his place, caused wide-spread consternation among all our foreign legations and gave Mr. Greeley an opportunity to push aside the Austrian mission with as magnificent a gesture as Cæsar employed in rejecting the crown. Here is what the Press says:

When the late civil war broke out, McCracken was employed in the office of the Provost Marshal in St. Louis, either as a detailed soldier or as a civilian clerk, to fill up passes which had been granted by the same commanding officer, and prepare them for signature. He was a pleasant mannered young man enough, evidently just fitted by education and instinct for that business, and entirely unknown beyond the walls of that office. He remained there for some two, and then for cause was requested to hand in his resignation, which he did, and disappeared. Later he visited Europe, and we find traces of him, at the Consulate at Paris, where he turned up penniless, and begging or borrowing money to get home. From all we can learn, his only business with our Ministers and Consuls was for this same purpose, and we suspect that his opinions of the fealty of these officials to the Washington administration depends in a great measure upon the result of his financial experiments.

Shortly after the first Motley-Seward correspondence transpired, McCracken turned up in New York on his return from Europe, and in a most poverty-stricken condition, and when our informant saw him, although the season was cold, he was without even suitable clothing to protect him from the weather, or means to procure the next meal. Two or three of his former St. Louis acquaintances contributed the necessary funds, and he passed on for the West. Taking the whole case together, it is very evident that the man was nothing more than a needy adventurer, who hoped to obtain a situation under the government, by operating upon the credulity of Mr. Johnson and his *premier*; that the alleged charges were manufactured out of whole cloth, without the shadow of truth; and that the obscurity of the writer was such that even the State Department refused to recognize him, and relieve his poverty and distress, though using his communication, and thus endorsing the status of the man.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.—The Argus was considerably surprised the other day at the temerity of the *Press* in ventruing to describe the President's message as a tirade, "querulous, disingenuous and false," without waiting for the New York mails! Mr. Weed's Commercial Advertiser, as the Argus takes pains to point out, regards the message as "an eminently able state paper, in taste and temper faultless." In that case, we take leave to differ from Mr. Weed, who we observe enjoys his opinion very much alone. Congress, which is especially interested in the matter, appears to regard Mr. Johnson's manifesto as exceedingly faulty in taste and temper. Perhaps it may be said that Congress is too much interested in the matter to form a good judgment. Suppose we appeal then to the London Times, a journal which has never been favorable to the Republican party and has occasionally paid Mr. Johnson some very high compliments. The Times says, "The message shows that Mr. Johnson has learned nothing; he transcends himself in impudence; he regards his office as absolute as sovereigns; he do their prerogatives; he forfeits all respect." That is the impression which this extraordinary message makes upon disinterested observers.

The Argus complains that the *Press* has not answered a single point made by the President. But the President didn't make any points. He has simply issued a revised edition of fallacies a thousand times exposed. He says if the Southern States were out of the Union "their consent to a change in the constitution would have been nugatory." Is that a point? Were not the original thirteen States out of the Union when their consent to the adoption of the constitution was asked? and was their consent nugatory? He says power is not granted by the constitution to the Federal government "or to any one of its branches," to control the elections of State legislatures by declaring arbitrarily who shall vote. Is that a point? Did not Andrew Johnson in 1865 do that and moreover he says the tenure-of-office act has almost destroyed official accountability. Is that a point? Did not the President himself threaten to abuse his power of removal for political purposes? Have we not Secretary McCulloch's testimony on file, that he did so abuse it, and that the public service has suffered thereby? These are not "points," they are blotches. The message is not an "able state paper," but a dreary piece of declamation, as foreign to the spirit of the age as the allocutions of the Pope or the hear-and-tremble proclamations of the Chinese Emperor.

Political Notes.

A Nashville special dispatch states that Governor Browlow, in a published card, gives a flat denial to the testimony of Detective Baker before the Impeachment Committee, wherein Brownlow is said to have been cognizant of a letter written by Andrew Johnson to Jeff. Davis. The Governor further says that he does not believe Mr. Johnson ever wrote a letter to Jeff. Davis or any other man giving aid and comfort to the rebellion.

Rev. Dr. Manning made quite a point in his last lecture when, speaking of the law which condemned John Brown to death, he asked, "Where would Jeff. Davis, Robert E. Lee and their officers and men be to-day, if the chalice which they commended to John Brown should be returned to their own lips?"

A dispatch, said to be from a thoroughly reliable source in New Orleans, says that the best Republicans in that city are entirely satisfied with Gen. Hancock's course in revoking most of General Mower's recent civil appointments there.

The Virginians are progressing so rapidly in reconstruction that they already begin to quarrel over the State officers under the new constitution. John Minor Botts, John Ranney and Judge Rives are mentioned for governor.

At the jollification meeting over Hoffman's election as mayor in New York Andrew J. Rogers—sometime Congressman from New Jersey—bitterly denounced Abraham Lincoln and was applauded therefor.

The Boston Journal's Washington correspondent says he is authorized to state that there will be no contraction of the currency by the Secretary of the Treasury during the month of December.

The Army and Navy Journal alone of all our exchanges, regards General Grant's reduction of the military forces of the country as impolitic and unwise.

Gen. Grant has received a dispatch from Gen. Hancock giving his reasons for removing Gen. Mower from command at New Orleans and ordering him to join his regiment.

Some persons have made the unauthorized inference that the House of Representatives is opposed to paying United States bonds in gold from the fact that Banks' resolution was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Such a reference was natural and quite in accordance with precedent.

"Exactions" of the Portland Custom House.

The following correspondence has been made public and will serve to relieve the anxiety of shippers who have been disturbed by the misrepresentations of the ill-informed or malicious author of a recent letter to the Boston Post:

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA, Freight Department, Portland Station, 6th Dec., 1867.

Dear Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a letter from Montreal to the Boston Post dated Nov. 23d, 1867, concerning the excessive custom house charges at Portland upon freight shipped from Canada in bond to Europe, the British Provinces, and the West Indies, which may require your full explanation in order to correct the error, whether intended or not, and satisfy parties in Canada shipping from Portland by steamships and vessels, in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, or Montreal Ocean Steamship Company, that the customs charges are comparatively light, and being regulated by the Treasury Department can be no higher in Portland than in any other United States port of entry.

The Montreal correspondent alluded to is in error in stating that a separate bond is required for each car when covered by one invoice of value of ten or fifteen cars, and that you exact from consignees eight or ten dollars for every car that is delayed in transit by accident or otherwise. I have always understood that only one bond and entry is necessary for any number of cars arriving on the same day, when regularly manifested to the custom house, if covered by one invoice of value and exported from Portland in the same vessel, and that the customs charge is $1, American currency.

Judge Russell, Collector of Customs in Boston, is complimented for the management of the bonding business in his district, and we claim if the bonding system can be so arranged in Boston that one export bond can be given for Canadian shipments under the same invoice of value for arrivals upon different days, that a similar arrangement should be made in Portland custom house. I have previously brought this matter under your notice, and also requested the same to be presented to the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury for his consideration, and you may remember advising me that you had received his decision on this point, viz: that the revenue law required separate bonds and entries for each day's arrivals when covered by one invoice of value.

There are other duties upon bonds and entries levied upon Canadian shipments by the Treasury and State Departments which you cannot control, but you are aware they cannot be less in any other United States port of entry.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
JOHN PORTEOUS, Agent.

Hon. Israel Washburn, Jr., Collector of Customs, Portland.

CUSTOM HOUSE, PORTLAND, Collector's Office, Dec. 5th, 1867.

Sir,—Your letter of the 4th inst., to Collector Washburn, in relation to a communication which appeared in the Boston Post of 26th inst., over the signature of "Ontario," in regard to exactions and fees at the Portland Custom House, on entry of goods shipped from the Canadas for exportation to Europe and other foreign countries, has been handed me for a statement in regard to the practice of this office in this particular. During my connection with the office (some ten years) the practice has never been other than to require but one entry for an invoice of goods, whether covering ten, fifteen or more cars, provided they all arrived on the same day. Should they arrive on separate days, an entry covering each day's arrival has to be made to conform to the requirements of the laws and the regulations of the Department. In no case is a fee of over one dollar exacted for an entry of goods thus coming forward for export.

The statement, in the letter to which you refer,

> The Portland custom house, I am told, is in the habit of exacting a specific entry for every car-load of freight, though the original shipment was made for the entire amount, covering the capacity of ten or fifteen cars. The shipment having passed the custom house at any particular point on the line, and the entry bond being made to cover the entire amount, and that entry bond being forwarded to the point of destination in the States from which the produce is to be exported, it is supposed to be the customs warrant for the whole shipment, though through accident or delay the whole shipment may not arrive. Now I am told here, by several of the large shippers, that in case of any accident or delay of this kind, that the collector of Portland exacts an entry fee of from eight to ten dollars for each and every car that is so delayed.

is wholly untrue. The question of allowing one entry to cover the arrivals of several days was fully settled by the Department under date of Dec. 7, 1866, as will appear by the following extract from the Department letter of that date:

> You will continue to enter *each day's* importation on the various forms of entry, in strict conformity with the Treasury Regulations of 1857.

These regulations make provision—in each form of entry—for, and require the date of importation (arrival) to be stated. This being the law, and a requirement of the regulations, I do not believe that Judge Russell, Collector of Customs at Boston, allows of any practice inconsistent therewith. On the contrary I have good reason to believe that the laws and regulations are fully complied with at that office.

Of this you may be assured that the fees and charges at this port are as low as they can be at any other. Very respectfully, yours,
ROBERT A. BIRD, Deputy Collector.

John Porteus, Esq., Agent G. T. Railway Co., Portland, Me.

Religious Intelligence.

—The services of the installation of Rev. Mr. Bingham, as pastor of the South Parish church and society in Augusta have been fixed for Thursday, Dec. 19th.

—The First Baptist Church and Society of Augusta propose to raise $10,000 for the enlargement and repair of their house of worship.

—The new Methodist church at Gardiner will be dedicated on Wednesday of next week, Dec. 11th, at 10 o'clock A. M. At 2 o'clock P. M., there will be a reunion of the former pastors and friends, and at 7 o'clock a dedication festival and organ concert.

—In Norway, we learn from a correspondent at that place, the young Men's Christian Association are putting forth unusual efforts. A plan of co-operation with the churches of other towns has been perfected, and the interest manifested in active Christian effort is very strong.

—Rev. Mr. Wheelwright was installed as Pastor of the Congregational Church, at South Paris, on Wednesday.

—The New York Journal declares that the doctrine that the Bible, interpreted by each individual for himself, is the supreme rule of faith and practice, is at once impracticable and destructive. "It has led to the fearful flood of neology and scepticism, Arianism, Unitarianism, Universalism, and other protean forms of error, from which the Protestant bodies of Germany, Switzerland, France, Poland, Great Britain, and this country have so grievously suffered." To whom the Church Journal would have us look as the infallible interpreter of the Bible, if we may not interpret it ourselves, it does not say. We had supposed the claim to do so was one of the essential elements of Protestantism.

—At a meeting of the Boston social science association, Wednesday evening, Rev. J. L. Hatch of Mansfield read an essay in favor of devoting a part of Sunday to recreations. He said the Jewish Sabbath was a day of festivities till the Pharisees perverted it and made it gloomy and unhappy. Rev. Mr. Angier of Boston dissented altogether from Mr. Hatch and instead of extending amusements to Sunday, would reduce those of the week. He did not believe in the new cry for amusements, but would like to have people amuse them themselves with the catechism.

—The Presbyterian synod of Virginia, with unexpected liberality, has refused to indorse the action of the southern general assembly, designed to prevent the full ordination of colored men as ministers and elders in the Presbyterian church. The synod requests the assembly to declare that the ministry is open to all who love Christ and are qualified, without respect to color.

—The Pittsburg Christian Advocate argues for the use of grape syrup at the communion table. Why not water? Christ used wine because it was the common drink then and there; if we have come to the conclusion that his example is a dangerous one to follow in the matter of wine, it would be altogether more respectful to use water than to substitute for wine what is but a poor imitation of it, and unwholesome at that.

—The Methodists have bought Holmes chapel at Cambridge and will organize a Methodist church—the third attempt of the kind at old Cambridge.

—A Protestant minister was lately driven from Pont a Celles, France, by the Catholic population, by rather peculiar means. A brass band in front of the church was first tried, and that failing, children were made drunk and sent into the church with tin whistles. They made such a terrible din that the service was soon closed.

—The general synod of the Reformed Dutch church has decided, by a vote of 112 to 7, to drop the "Dutch," and its title will now be "the Reformed church in America"—a good name enough, but in no way distinctive.

A SENSIBLE MEASURE was adopted by the Senate on Tuesday. It was voted to omit the title of "Honorable," which has always been prefixed to the name of each Senator on the journals and in official papers. At best, "Honorable" is offensive to the nicest democratic feeling, and is that kind of a remnant of defunct institutions which Carlyle, before he became insane, would have called a "rag." Besides, there is the additional objection of untruthfulness attaching to it while such men as the drunken Salsbury and the tipsy Patterson are members of the Senate.

THE Argus is compelled to own that "the Radical editors protess to be pleased with Grant's testimony," but complains that "the most salient and significant points are omitted" in our summary. So far, so good Mow name one of those points, or take *that* back!

Report of the Secretary of War.

The report of General Grant as Secretary of War *ad interim*, is quite lengthy and goes into all the details of the management of that Department since he took charge of it. One of his first moves was to cut off a large number of sinecures. On this point he speaks as follows:

> A long war had entailed upon the army practices of extravagance totally unjustifiable in times of peace; and as the increase of the regular army since 1860 (now almost the entire army) is officered by men whose army experience does not go back to that period (and therefore they may not know but their indulgences at the expense of the general government are all legitimate,) retrenchment was the first subject to attract my attention. During the rebellion ambulances and mounted orderlies at every headquarters had come into use; and since the rebellion they have been continued, if not at every post of a single company, at least generally throughout the army. A discontinuance of this evil was necessary both to the discipline and efficiency of the army and the relief of the Treasury. Orders were therefore given both for breaking it up and seeing to its execution.

All the surplus and useless stores of the Quartermaster's Department are being sold; this relieves the Government of a large amount of expense in rents and permits the dismissal of an army of employees.

He also states that he is reducing the enormous expense of maintaining troops between the Missouri river and the Pacific coast. The completion of the Pacific Railroad is, in his opinion, the only way that the cost in that arm of the service can be materially reduced.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

No charges have been made in the organization and practical working of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, except such as have been caused by the appointment of District Commanders under the Reconstruction act.

The detail of officers serving with troops has enabled the Commissioner to reduce the number of bureau agents. Twenty-eight civil agents have been discharged and forty-eight mustered out.

The amount of "abandoned land" now in possession of the Bureau is 215,024 acres, much of which is swamp land and scarcely any affording revenue. The number of pieces of town property is 950.

The average amount of tuition paid per month by the freedmen has been $14,555.

APPROPRIATIONS.

The disbursements during the fiscal year amount to $42,759,457.09. The total estimate of military appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1869, is $77,124,707.08.

MILITARY DISTRICTS.

The commanders of the five military districts have executed their difficult trust faithfully and without bias from any judgment of their own as to the merit or demerit of the law they were executing.

There is nothing new in the details of the operations of the army in the several military districts. It is simply a summary of the official acts of the officers of the army stationed there, what has been done in reference to registration, and other details of like character.

The review of the military departments elsewhere are likewise barren of news.

Settle it among Yourselves.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Dec 6, 1867.

To the Editor of the Press:

For several weeks past the Maine Democrat has contained a notice over my signature, stating that Hon. E. F. Pillsbury would be connected with that paper on its removal to Biddeford, January 1st, 1868. I have been informed that the *Press* recently contained a statement to the effect that Mr. Pillsbury denies that he is to be connected with the Democrat, and states that his name has been used in the prospectus without his knowledge or consent. It may be that I am idiotic enough to publish a notice without the proper authority for so doing, but is I am the dementation has not been discovered by my friends in this section. Mr. Pillsbury is to be connected with the Democrat, and has never made the denial attributed to him. Will you do me the favor to correct the wrong impression which the article referred to in the *Press* has caused, by publishing this letter, and oblige,

Yours, &c., CHARLES A. SHAW.

[From the Kennebec Journal, Nov. 6.]

E. F. PILLSBURY, Esq., who is understood to have controlled the political department of the Maine Standard from its start, *has announced in a circular dated the 2d inst.*, that he has purchased the Standard establishment, subscription list, debts due, &c., and as soon as arrangements can be completed, shall assume its entire control. This looks like a disappointment to those who expected Mr. Pillsbury was to devote his energies to the new daily to be started in the first district.

Swindling Lottery Schemes.

MR. EDITOR.—I feel it is a duty to expose the enormous swindle that those New York scamps, Clark, Webster & Co., are playing on the people all over the country. My little boy, now about thirteen years old, received a package of their tickets, sold five of them for one dollar each, then added one dollar himself and sent them six dollars. In about one month he received a printed notice stating that he had drawn a prize valued at two hundred dollars, saying that they always charged 5 per cent. on all prizes drawn and requesting him (not being satisfied with swindling him out of six dollars) to send them ten more and they would forward the prize. I concluded he had better not send the ten dollars to them, but to test the matter I sent it for him to a friend in New York, asking him to fully investigate the matter for me. He did so, and after hunting the town half over, he found a miserable *hole* in the fifth story of a building, in which he found a bland, smooth *cut-throat* as is often seen, in a room scantily furnished with anything except a few cartloads of *Kentucky and Pennsylvania Oil Stocks*, not worth the paper it was written on. The aforesaid cut throat kindly offered to fill out a certificate for two hundred dollars to ——or any one else on receipt of the ten dollars. Of course it was not paid, but hundreds and thousands are paid almost daily to these worthless scamps.

I learn a large amount of money has been sent from here, and I write this that others may be aware of this swindle before sending their money to these villains.

I trust all our city papers will publish this expose for the good of our citizens. Any one desiring the name of the writer can have it by addressing

C. F., Box 15, Portland P. O.

State News.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

Brown's Mills, East Livermore, near the Camp Ground, is a quiet, unostentatious place, yet of some importance to itself and the surrounding region. It has two saw mills, two shingle machines, one grist mill, one match and one clothes-wringer factory. They have recently erected a beautiful school house which would be a credit and ornament to any village. So says the Bulletin.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

An accident which might have had serious consequences occurred in Winthrop one day last. A missionary concert was held in the Congregational vestry. In the midst of the services, a lighted chandelier, suspended from the ceiling, fell among the ladies, who occupied the central rows of settees. The astonishment and confusion were for a moment intense. Glass was broken, and the kerosene flowed freely over the settees, dresses and books. Fortunately, the motion of the chandelier, falling, extinguished the lights, so that no explosion followed.

Winthrop, as we learn from the Bulletin, a good Samaritan named Silas Webb holds religious services sunday at the Almhouse. The inmates and immediate neighbors are much interested in the eqercises. It serves to relieve the ennui attendent on pauper life and to inspire hope and faith in the aged in their downward passage to the tomb,

The Winthrop Bulletin informs us that as Charles T. Merrow, son of Mr. Lewis T. Merrow of Auburn, was out gunning with two boys and a few days since, when a rabbit was started, and one of the boys in his excitement over the game raised his gun and fired, without noticing that one of the party was almost within range. The whole charge struck Charles T. Merrow in the lower part of the arm, just above the elbow, and passing through the arm was stopped by the buckle of his suspenders. It was a narrow escape from death. Young Merrow is doing well.

John Holmes, conductor of the dummy car that runs between Augusta and Gardiner, was arraigned before Judge True of Augusta, on Thursday, for assault and battery in forcibly removing Charles Lawrence from the car. The latter was slightly intoxicated at the time and used improper language, and it was on this account that he was ejected by Mr. Holmes. The court found the defendant guilty of the charge preferred, holding that he might properly remove a passenger on the ground alleged *at a station*, but not where he did. An appeal was taken.

The Hallowell Gazette says the Kennebec at that point is again practically closed. On Saturday last, just at the close of the "thaw," a sloop reached that city for a cargo of granite, and finished loading on Sunday, but in attempting to sail was obliged to heave to, and now remains at Leigh's wharf, anxiously desiring the weather to "moderate." A heavy loss is sustained if the loaded vessel is obliged to winter.

OXFORD COUNTY.

A correspondent in Norway informs us that the people of that town and vicinity feel the want of a good local paper, and an enterprise is on foot to establish one soon. Our correspondent also states that the winter term of Norway Academy has opened prosperously with over one hundred students; and that the Elm House in that village, an excellent hotel, is being enlarged on account of the great access of travel. The three items taken together convey a most favorable impression of that town. A flourishing school, a good hotel, and a live newspaper, or even a demand for one, are three signs of a wide-awake community.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

The people of Bangor propose by means of a canal to bring water from Pushaw Lake into the Kenduskeag stream, thereby greatly increasing the water power on that river.

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

The Dover Observer records a remarkable instance of youthful courage and humanity which occurred in that place on Saturday last. Some small boys were playing on the ice near the tannery when two sons of Ira L. Carlton, drawn on a sled by another boy, were accidentally precipitated into the water about 7 feet deep, near the dam, and immediately sunk. George Burrill, a lad about nine years old, at once ran upon the ice, crawled to its edge, and seizing the boys by their hair as they rose to the surface, brought them safe to the solid ice. This boy is brave enough to be a general,—perhaps more so than many who have had that position.

The Observer says Col. Wildes, civil engineer, has completed the survey of the Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad. The road was surveyed between two points, given by the President of the Board, Hannibal Hamlin. These points were Oldtown at the one end, and a point on the north side of the Piscataquis river a few rods beyond the town line, on the Foxcroft side at the other. The route is considerably longer than was at first anticipated. It is said to be one of the easiest grades in the country.

Portland and Vicinity.

New Advertisements this Day.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

M. L. A.—Sale of Reserved Seats.

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.

Fancy Dancing—J. W. Raymond.

AUCTION COLUMN.

Buildings, &c.—E. M. Patten & Co.
Lamps, &c.—M. Charles & Co.
Assignee's Sale—E. M. Patten & Co.
Assignee's Sale—F. O. Bailey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT COLUMN.

The Hydro-Carbon Burner.
Physician Wanted—S. R. Niles.
Rooms to Rent—Woodbridge & Co.
Holiday Gifts—Chas. Day, Jr., & Co.
To Shipbuilders—C. S. Fobes.
M. L. A. Debate.
Dissolution—Sawyer & Foster.

The Daily and Maine State Press

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of Fessenden Bros., Marquis, Robinson, Colesworthy and Chisholm Bros., at Boston Depot, and on the train of G. M. Curtis, and at Portland & Rochester Depot.

At Biddeford, of Pilsbury Bros.
At Saco of J. S. Locke.
At Brunswick, of W. R. Fields.
At Waterville, of J. S. Carter.
At Gorham of News Agent.
At Bath of J. O. Shaw.

Religious Notices.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—The Rev. Dr. Shailer will preach in the Ch pel corner of Cumberland and Locust streets, at 10½ A. M. Sabbath School at the close of the morning service. Seats free. All are invited to attend.

CENTRAL CHURCH.—Services in this church tomorrow. Rev. Mr. Dalton will preach in the morning and Rev. Dr. Shailer in the afternoon.

P. Y. M. C. A.—Regular prayer meeting at the rooms every morning, from 8½ to 9 o'clock, and Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 8 to 9 o'clock.—Ladies are invited to attend. Also prayer meetings Mission Chapel, Deering's Bridge, and at Tukey's Bridge every Thursday and Sunday evenings.

STATE STREET CHURCH.—Rev. Mr. Keyes, of the Chestnut street Methodist Church, will preach at the State street Church to-morrow morning.

SECOND UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Services in the Second Universalist Church, Congress, near Locust street, to-morrow, will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. Kent.

FREE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. S. B. Morse, of Newton Center, will preach in the Free street Baptist Church to-morrow.

FIRST PARISH CHURCH.—Rev. Dr. Sheldon, of Waterville, will preach at the First Parish Church to-morrow. Vesper services at 7 o'clock P. M.

NEWBURY STREET CHURCH—There will be services at the Newbury Street Church to-morrow (Sunday) at 10½ A. M., 3 and 7 o'clock P. M. Preaching by Rev. Dr. Pennington. All are invited.

BETHEL CHURCH.—Services at the Bethel Church to-morrow as usual. Capt. Dutton, master of the British steamer Nestorian, will address the congregation in the evening, at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

SPIRITUAL ASSOCIATION.—Temperance Hall.—Children's Progressive Lyceum at 10½ o'clock A. M. Conference meeting at 2 o'clock P. M.

MOUNTFORT ST. A. M. E. CHURCH.—There will be services at the Mountfort Street Church to-morrow (Sunday) at the usual hours. Preaching by Rev. John T. Hayslett. Sabbath School at 1½ o'clock P. M. All are invited.

SECOND PARISH.—By the continued courtesy of the First Parish, Dr. Caruthers will preach in their church to-morrow at 3 P. M. Sabbath School will be held in the Willis School Room at 10½ A. M.

ALLEN MISSION.—Sunday School to-morrow at 3½ P. M. Sunday School Concert at 7 P. M. Rehearsal this evening. All are invited.

Hotel Arrivals.

AMERICAN HOUSE.

Mrs Fickett, Belfast
O C Richards, New York
C D Belcher, do
E O Rand, Worcester
D Gilman, do
J F Rendrick, Kendall Mss
R Montgomery, Boothbay
C D Foye, Rockland
L Rider, Augusta
C Newman, do
E M Rowell, Chicago
J Rand, Baltimore
A C Tobey, Skowhegan
H L Thompson, Taunton
L K Peterson, do
F C Robertson, Minot
J Paine, Scituate
C Young, Yarmouth
C L Boynton & w, Bangor
W Tarbox, do
C L Taylor, do
E H Skillings, Winthrop
M L Ward, Taunton
A F Phillips, do
A P Knapp, do
J W Brown, Lewiston

CITY HOTEL.

C H Bartlett, Portsmouth
W P Coleman, Lancaster, Mass
J W Hussey, Philadelphia
F H Whitman, Harrison
G G Brooks, Boston
S Plummer & w, Harrison
Mrs M Smith, Saco
Miss H Snyder, do
W H Severance, Passad'y
L D Stanley, Freedom
G Mansfie d, Conway
C Ericson, Canada
C Freeman, May, Portsmouth
C M Wray, Belfast
M McCoy, Boston
J M Haverford, Charlestown
Mrs Rucker, Annapolis
M A Winchenbach, Waldoboro
E R Osgood & w, N Bedfo'd
N T Folsom, Boston
W N Atwood, Buckfield
F Haskell, Boston
H Greenfield, Manchester
J O Budd, Montpelier
J W Conner, Augusta

FREBLE HOUSE.

S Goodwin, York
H W Woods, Boston
Mrs M T Skiff, do
G Bachelder, do
J Kendall, Lowell
T Woodbury, Boston.
J C Fryer, do
S Wells jr, do
A Richards, do
S Hinckley, Gorham
J E Taylor, Springfield
H C Alesworth, Boston
G Thomson, Portsmouth
S C Wrigh, Fitchburg
W G Sanford, S Francisco
C B Clarke, Philadelphia
D M Mekes, do
J H Corwell, Boston
E Pierce, do
J W Emery, do
H T Waling, New York
G L Sleeper, Gilford
O Towle, Portsmouth
Miss Lockerby, Charlotte
C Plummer, St Paul
D M Rogers, New York
E H Hobbs, Boston
C R Ayer, do
M H Hale, Salem
B J Greeley, Boston
S Disston, Philadelphia
A G Dewey, New York
W Lunt, Boston
J H Manley, Augusta
C H Plummer, do
S P Plummer, do
Miss H Webster, Boston
D Webster, do
H A Belcher, Saco
C A Robinson, Montreal
Miss N M Knights, Paris
Mrs J P Knights, do
E H Crockett, Rochester
E Garland, Boston
J R Nute, Boston

Municipal Court.

JUDGE KINGSBURY PRESIDING.

FRIDAY.—A young man, for drunkenness and disturbance, paid a fine of $3 and costs.

State vs. Nathan Davis, search and seizure process. Found guilty; fined $20 and costs, and sentenced to three months in the county jail. Appealed to higher Court.

Our Brief Opera Season.

It is now well known to our readers that the M. L. Association have engaged the La Grange and Brignoli Opera Troupe to perform three nights next week in our new City Hall. The lovers of first class operatic music are under great obligations to this Society for providing such a musical entertainment for them. Il Trovatore is the opera selected for next Monday evening. This composition is celebrated the world over wherever the lovers of a high order of music are found. The dialogues, chorusses, cavatinas and arias are spirited and full of pathetic passages which, when properly and skilfully rendered, never fail to arouse the most intense emotions of the audience. And that they will be so rendered our readers may be assured from the fact that Madame De La Grange, Miss Adelaide Phillips, Signora Brignoli, Orlandini, and others equally distinguished, with a full chorus and orchestra, are cast to the several *roles*.

Il Trovatore is founded on a story of startling interest. Count Di Luna (Sig. Orlandini) in love with Leonora, a Court Lady (Madame De La Grange) is jealous because he hears a serenade beneath her window and sees her descend from her chamber into the garden to meet the serenader. In the darkness she mistakes the Count for Manrico, her lover, (Sig. Brignoli. She addressess him lovingly, but discovers her mistake when Manrico advances from his place of concealment. She explains and this wounds the pride of Di Luna who discovers the name of his rival, a noble chieftain then in arms against his sovereign. A challenge to a duel follows and Leonora is overcome by her emotions.

In the second act, Manrico, wounded, is seen in a Gipsey camp. Here Azucena, (Miss Phillips) his supposed mother, informs him that many years ago his young brother was thought to be poisoned by a Gipsy woman who was burned at the stake for her crime, imploring her daughter to avenge her. Maddened by revenge she murders her own child by throwing it into the hot ashes, supposing it to be the son of the Count. Having hardly recovered from the horror of this wild tale, Manrico is summoned to defend the Castle of Castello. At the same time he hears that Leonora, supposing him dead, is about to take the veil. He hurries to prevent it and places her in Castellor.

In the third act the Count is preparing to attack Castellor. Azucena has been captured as a spy and dragged before him. Ferrando discovers that she is the daughter of the Gipsy who poisoned the brother of the Count and who is threatened with death. She calls on her son Manrico for help, and the Count then learns that the mother of his enemy is in his power. A stake is ordered and with savage exultation he resolves to burn her before the eyes of her son. Now Manrico rushes upon the enemy with his followers.

The Fourth act discloses the fact that Manrico has been confined in the same cell with Azucena, both condemned to suffer death. Leonora demands an interview with the Count and offers her hand as the price of Manrico's liberty. The offer is accepted, and she is permitted to carry the tiding to her lover who refuses to accept his pardon on such conditions. She urges him and sinks to the ground. During this time she had taken poison. The Count enters and finds Leonora dying, but Manrico is still in his power and he orders his guards to drag him out to the gibbet. Azucena is awakened and asks for her son. Di Luna points to the window when from sleep she rushes and beholds the dead body of Manrico. She cries "Wretch! Thou hast slain thy brother! O, mother, thou art indeed avenged."

The *finale* is a tragical one, but like all well written and skillfully acted tragedies "while it wounds it pleases." We presume our spacious and beautiful hall will present a most brilliant spectacle next Monday evening.—And we should not be surprised to see many from Saco, Biddeford, Lewiston, Brunswick, Bath and the adjacent towns to enjoy this rich musical entertainment.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Willie Kilmartin, messenger boy at the International Telegraph Co., while delivering a message at a schooner at Perkins & Jackson's wharf last evening, lost his foot hold while stepping from the wharf to the schooner and was precipitated into the water, but by the efforts of the night watchman on the wharf was rescued from a watery grave.

THE State Constables searched two parties yesterday and seized about 150 gallons of liquor.

A SOCIAL LEVEE.—The ladies of the Social Circle of the Second Universalist Society are making arrangements for a social levee, on Friday evening next, at the City Hall. These ladies have been indefatigable in their efforts, in various ways, to benefit this growing Society, and this is their latest laudable device to aid their funds, and at the same time add one more to the social enjoyments of our winter evenings. The object is so kindly, and so friendly a purpose, that we cannot refrain from wishing them abundant success. This Society since it took their chapel from the summit of Munjoy and planted it in the vale below, has been steadily and successfully toiling on and upward. They are increasing in members and vigor, and are really a nucleus from which is to spring a beautiful church on the corner of Pearl and Congress street, an ornament to the city and a blessing to them. It is only a question of time. Meantime, by these pleasant arrangements of levees &c. they are striving to pay the indispensible debts that have come upon them as far as they have gone. They mean to proceed slow and sure—a good resolve in these rushing times.

We hope they will have a full hall and large receipts on Friday evening. Let the friends bear this appointment in mind, and give the ladies a personal greeting by batallions. Other particulars will be made known in due season. Meantime the principal fact is certain, that there is to be a good time on that occasion, and that this new and worthy claimant upon the kindly sympathies of its friends, is to be largely encouraged by the hearty good will of the many who admire their courage and perseverance in reaching the vantage ground already possessed.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—The special committee appointed by the School Committee to consider the matter of procuring books for the public schools, has at length reported. It appears that a communication was some time ago sent to the leading booksellers, asking for proposals for furnishing books and stationery, with the understanding that the firm or firms securing the business should cause all children to be notified where books were to be procured. The booksellers, in reply, declined to bid against each other, but proposed all of them to furnish books to the Committee at the publishers' wholesale prices, and to scholars, at retail, at 25 per cent. advance. This proposition, the subcommittee has, after considerable delay, decided, should not be entertained. We find the following extract from their report in last night's Star:

> Your committee have to say, that they did not deem it advisable to enter into any arrangement with the booksellers binding the School Committee or citizens on the basis herein reported, not believing that such could prove to be "satisfactory." On the contrary, your committee recommend its refusal by the board, and also *that immediate measures be taken to induce the city at an early day, to assume the entire cost of all books and stationery required by the children in the public schools of the city.*

PERSONAL.—Col. John Goddard, of Cape Elizabeth, who met with a severe accident at Carleton, N. S., some two weeks since, came up in the New England, from St. John, yesterday. The Colonel had a narrow escape. He walked off the wharf at Carleton during a dark night, and was precipitated more than thirty feet, striking the beach, below. If he had not been one of the toughest men in our community, he would have been killed. As it is he complains of nothing but a soreness in the breast. The Colonel says he is bound to get out as many logs this winter on the upper St. John and its tributaries, as did last season, if not more.

GOOD FOR US.—The night compositors of the Press were made happy last evening by receiving and accepting an invitation from Timmons & Hawes to partake of their delicious oysters. The oysters were splendid and cooked in the right style. Those who love an oyster dinner for Sunday, will do well to call round to this establishment, Nos. 15 and 16 Market Square, where they will always find one of the gentlemanly proprietors in waiting to attend to their wants. They furnish oysters at wholesale as well as retail.

SUDDEN DEATH OF CHARLES MOODY.—Mr. Charles Moody, aged about 78 years, died very suddenly of heart disease at seven o'clock Thursday evening. Mr. Moody was the grandson of Enoch Moody, one of the earliest settlers of Portland. He has been a very active business through life, and he will be missed by a large circle of friends, who have been drawn to him by his very social disposition.

A PLEASANT TIME.—Mr. Nahum Libby, Street Commissioner, did a handsome thing Thursday evening, in the way of inviting all the drivers of the city teams to Timmons & Hawes for an oyster supper. This pleasant sit-down was enjoyed very much by the invited guests, who fully appreciate the many kindnesses bestowed upon them by this worthy official.

WEATHER ITEM.—It was quite cold yesterday morning early, and through the forenoon the wind blew hard, and clouds of dust met you at every corner. At two o'clock in the afternoon it commenced snowing, with indications of trouble ahead for the horse railroad, but about 6 o'clock P. M. a rain set in, and at

LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE

PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

Saturday Morning, December 7, 1867.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE SENATE.

The Republican Senators held a caucus this morning, when the subject of electing a Sergeant-at-Arms in place of the present incumbent George E. Brown, was brought before it. The name of General Burbridge, of Kentucky, was proposed, but did not command sufficient strength to warrant a vote being taken on his nomination. All the Senators concurred in the efficiency and faithfulness of Mr. Brown who continues in that office.

PARDON OF MURDERERS.

The President has pardoned Featherstone, Dunleary and Collins, who were sentenced to be hanged for the murder of the Captain of the English ship General Parkhill, in a mutinous affray on that ship at sea, the mutiny being brought about by the men in consequence of the Captain announcing that he should run the blockade at Charleston instead of proceeding to New York, to which port they had shipped. They were badly treated, and the recommendation for their pardon was very numerously signed. Their sentence had previously been commuted to imprisonment by President Lincoln.

AMERICAN MISSIONARIES IN EGYPT.

Secretary Seward was waited on yesterday by a large delegation of clergymen, who requested him to use his good offices to protect our Missionaries who have been badly treated by the Egyptian government, and at present labor under great disabilities in that as well as in other countries. They represent that these gentlemen were put to very severe hardships, and stated that they found little or no protection in the fact that they were American citizens. Mr. Seward assured them that he would do all that could be done to secure protection to our citizens wherever the United States has accredited agents.

GEN. GRANT'S "PRIVATE" LETTER.

It is understood that General Grant, in accordance with Mr. Blaine's resolution directing the General commanding the armies to communicate to the House the correspondence addressed by him to the President respecting the removal of Stanton and Sheridan, will include the letter addressed to the President and marked "private." This document makes four pages of letter paper, and is said to be of a most important character.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Mr. C. C. Washburne of Wisconsin has now in course of preparation a bill, of the most important character, looking to an amendment of the charter of the Pacific Railroad. Mr. Washburne says, as the case now stands, Government will furnish most, if not all, of the money that will go into the road. He expresses surprise that no restriction has been placed upon the company in regard to their rates for the transportation of passengers and freight. As the road, when finished, is likely to be the only continuous line to the Pacific for some years, the company will consequently have a monopoly of business, and, according to their present privileges, will have an undisputed control over the fixing of their rates, which, it is feared, will be unreasonably exhorbitant. To meet this evil, Mr. Washburne proposes in his bill to suggest an amendment to the charter to the road, by establishing a commission to be composed of the Secretaries of War and Interior, and Attorney General, whose duty it shall be to fix annually a tariff for passengers and freight. To force this measure upon the company, Mr. Washburne intends to add a clause suspending any further issue of bonds to the company until they shall have consented to incorporate the provisions of his bill into their charter. Great complaints are already made on account of the charges on the road.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The statement of the publib debt which will be issued from the Treasury Department tomorrow, will show an increase of eight or ten millions of dollars. This increase is caused by the large amount of coin—twenty-six million dollars—which was taken from the vaults on the 1st of November to pay the interest on the five-twenty bonds which became due on that date. On Jan. 1, about twelve million dollars in coin will be required to pay interest on five-twenties falling due then, and about nine millions in coin to pay the semi-annual interest on the 6 per cent. bonds of 1881. Besides this nearly seven millions in coin will be required to pay the principal and interest of the 6 per cent bonds of 1867, which mature on January 1, 1868. There are now $100,000,000 in gold in the treasury, $18,000,000 of which are represented in gold certificates.

THE WHISKEY TAX.

The Van Wyck committee, after the startling revelations of frauds in the excise imposed upon whiskey and tobacco discovered during their late visit to the North, propose to urge a reduction of the tax on whiskey to 50 cents, to be collected according to the capacity of the still.

NATIONAL ASYLUM FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

A meeting of the managers of the National Asylum for disabled volunteers, was held at the office of the Surgeon General to-day. The reports show that these institutions are in a most flourishing condition. There are now 550 disabled soldiers in the central asylum at Dayton, Ohio; 250 at the Eastern Branch in Augusta, Maine, and 150 at the Western Branch at Milwaukee. About 250 more have been supported by the Board at State and city homes, for want of room at the regular asylum, and 300 have been aided by out-door relief, being relief given to married men who are permitted to remain at home with their families. The total number of disabled soldiers cared for during the last quarter, in these several ways, is over 1,500. Applications for admission into the asylums are crowding upon the managers, and the Board are satisfied that 2000 disabled soldiers at least will have to be cared for during the next quarter.

It was therefore ordered that additional buildings be erected at the central asylum, and fifty thousand dollars were appropriated for that purpose.

Senators Frelinghuysen and Governor Ward of New Jersey, appeared before the Board and tendered transfers of the New Jersey soldiers, home to the National Asylum, on conditions that the Board would adopt and continue that institution.

Messrs. Baxter and Warriner of Philadelphia, made a like tender of their city home with all its property and effects. The Board appointed Governor Smith and Mr Gunckel a committee to visit these institutions and arrange for aiding them in carrying on their homes until the new buildings of the National Asylum are completed. The Board received and returned thanks for a donation.

Gen. Ingraham of Massachusetts, was appointed Acting Governor, and other subordinate officers for the several asylums were elected.

XLth CONGRESS—Second Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

SENATE.

Mr. Grimes introduced a bill to create a life insurance in the navy, setting apart from the interest of the naval pension fund $150,000 as a nucleus, to be increased by a yearly charge from the pay of the navy officers.

Mr. Corbett introduced a resolution instructing the Finance Committee to inquire into the expediency of reported bill to authorize a new five per cent. loan, redeemable after twenty years at the option of the Government, and payable in forty years, principal and interest payable in gold, for the purpose of retiring the five-twenties. Adopted.

Mr. Cattell introduced a resolution instructing the Finance Committee to inquire into the expediency of suspending the provision of the law under which the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to contract the currency four millions a month. Adopted.

Mr. Drake's resolution censuring the President, was postponed until Tuesday next.

Mr. Edmunds' resolution pledging the faith of the United States to the payment of the public debt in coin was taken up, and Mr. Hendricks offered a substitute affirming that where not specially designated to be paid in coin, such debt is redeemable in lawful money.

The resolution and substitute were referred to the Finance Committee.

After a short executive session the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.

Several memorials were presented and referred.

Mr. Boutwell resumed his argument in favor of impeachment.

He was followed by Mr. Wilson, who, at the close of his speech, moved to lay the whole subject on the table.

Persisting in his motion, the friends of impeachment to have an adjournment moved. The yeas and nays are now (quarter before three) being taken on a motion that when the House adjourn to-day it be until Monday.

The House refused by a vote of two to one to adjourn, and now Mr. Schenck inaugurates what is known as filibustering, continuing for two hours.

The House by a vote of two to one refuses to adjourn.

Finally the majority yielded, and by a vote of 50 to 77, at twenty minutes past five, the House adjourned until to-morrow.

NEW YORK.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

A large manufacturing establishment, owned by S. L. Mitchell, corner of Pearl and John streets, was destroyed by fire this morning. The New York Milk Condensing Company lose $100,000. The building cost in 1862 $75,000. Total loss estimated at $200,000.

CHOLERA ON SHIPBOARD.

The steamship Cella, from London Nov. 16, and Havre 20th, has arrived.

The cholera broke out among the passengers on the Hamburg ship Lord Brougham on the second day out in a very malignant form. At the time there were 150 cases, but on reaching warm weather the disease subsided. There were no new cases during the last eight days. There are now about 20 cases on board, most of them of a mild form. The ship has been sent to the lower quarantine where the sick will be transferred to the hospital ship Illinois and the well passengers remain on board for the inspection of the health officer. There have been 75 deaths.

TEXAS.

IMPORTANT ORDER FROM GEN. REIGNOLDS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

Gen. Reignolds has addressed an order from Austin, Texas, to the army officers in his district, to send to headquarters lists of civilian prisoners, with the charges against them, etc., with a view to their being turned over to the civil courts of the State.

SOUTH AMERICA.

THE SPANISH WAR.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

A South American paper states that Mosquera has been offered the chief command of the allied Pacific squadron and forces against the Spanish.

VIRGINIA.

THE RECONSTRUCTION CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Dec. 5.

In the convention to-day the resolution requiring officers and members of the convention to be sworn was offered by Mr. Hine. He was asked what oath would be required, and replied that he supposed oaths prescribed by the reconstruction act of Congress would have to be taken by all who hoped to retain seats in the convention. This would exclude a large majority of the conservative members.

The vote on the resolution was not pressed, and it was laid on the table.

The President of the convention does not think that these oaths, though presented by the reconstruction acts of Congress, should be required of members, and says he will be very sorry if the convention shall decide to do so.

Gen. Schofield will probably have the matter referred to him, and will prescribe the oath to be taken by officers and members. Gen. Schofield is not in favor of requiring an oath that goes farther than the constitutional amendment of Congress would exact.

RICHMOND, Dec. 6.

The Convention to-day appointed a committee to report the best practical plan for forming a constitution.

The Committee on Education were ordered to inquire into the expediency of establishing a system of schools that will give education to all classes of youth.

The Committee on Elections were instructed to inquire and report if any members of the Convention are distranchised by the reconstruction act, and who they are.

General Schofield and staff were invited to the privileges of the floor.

A resolution favoring the repeal of the cotton tax on this year's crop, was laid on the table.

The Convention adjourned until Monday next.

ILLINOIS.

TRAIN ON HIS TRAVELS.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 6.

George Francis Train, Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton addressed a small audience in the City Hall this evening in favor of female suffrage.

CANADA.

WRECK OF A STEAMER.

RIVER DU LOUP, Canada, Dec. 6.

The steamer Margaret Stephenson, which passed up on Wednesday, bound for Quebec, is now drifting down with the ice, apparently frozen in. The crew are trying to reach the shore in boats.

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS

OTTAWA, C. W., Dec. 6.

The debate on the northwest territory question was continued in the House of Commons last night. It is understood that the measure will be passed at once. In the Senate the marine and fisheries bill was read a third time and passed.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

TORONTO, Canada, Dec. 6.

A destructive fire occurred at Scoforth this morning, by which a large portion of the town was destroyed.

WEST INDIES.

MR. SEWARD AFTER CUBA.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

A Havana correspondent of the Herald makes the following important statement:

"It appears according to a confidential correspondence from undoubted parties in Spain, received by a private gentleman enjoying an unexceptionable position in Cuban society, that a great change has been wrought in the bearing of the Spanish government toward our Minister at Madrid ever since the cession by the Russian government of Russian America and the sale by Denmark of the Danish Antilles. And further that in obedience to instructions received from Secretary Seward, the American Minister at Madrid, had submitted to the Spanish government a new proposition for the purchase of the Island by the United States.

"This proposition, far from being rejected this time, had not encountered any very material objections whatever. On the contrary, the idea of Mr. Seward, whatever it may have been, had met with a favorable reception. It was presumed that this wonderful change in the disposition of the Spanish Government with respect to this delicate affair originated from many causes. Experience of the past, difficulties of the present and apprehensions about the future were only said to be part of the plea. Besides, the proposition now made by the United States was said to be a feasible one, and the Spanish Ministers could now, from precedents of the same nature, listen to it with a better grace than was ever the case before."

The correspondence winds up by stating that it had not only been listened to, but that it was considered a made bargain.

EUROPE.

NEWS BY THE CABLE.

LONDON, Dec. 5, Noon.

Copious extracts of the message of President Johnson, which were received per cable, are published here to-day. In commenting thereon the Times has the following:

"The message shows that Mr. Johnson has learned nothing. He transcends himself in impudence. He regards his office as absolute as sovereigns do their prerogatives. He forfeits all respect. It is hard to say where the hope of the people of the United States lies, between Johnson on the one side and Thad. Stevens on the other."

Other journals use similar language on the subject. The reference in the President's message to the Alabama claims, coupled with Lord Stanley's dispatch to Mr. Ford on the same subject, has created considerable distrust in financial circles.

Midnight.—In the House of Lords this evening, Earl Derby said that Lord Stanley refused to go into the proposed conference for the settlement of the Roman question until a basis, likely to be agreed to by the great powers, had been previously submitted.

In the House of Commons this evening, the matter of making a contract across the Atlantic came up again for consideration. The government informed the House that the National Steam Navigation Company was one of the unaccepted bidders. That line offered to carry the American mail between New York and Liverpool at the rate of one penny per half ounce, but required fourteen days for a trip without penalties in case of failure. By the present contract one penny per letter is to be paid.

PARIS, Dec. 5.

The discussion of the question of French occupancy of Rome was continued in the Corps Legislatif yesterday. M. Thiers, in a long speech, defended the policy of the government in preserving the temporal power of the Pope. He characterized Gen. Garibaldi as as the falcon with which Italy hunts.

All the French troops have left Rome.

Evening.—In the Corps Legislatif this evening, the debate on Italian affairs was continued. M. Rouher said that without France Italy could not have saved Rome from revolution.

COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6—6 P. M.—Money closed quiet and steady on call at 7 per cent.. Discounts dull. Gold closed at 137½@137¾. Foreign Exchange quiet and firm at 109½@109¾. Government securities closed steady at a decline. Railroad shares closed firm and unchanged. Mining shares more active and firm. Balance in the Sub-Treasury $103,600,000.

Boston Boot and Shoe Market.

BOSTON, Dec. 5.

Trade for the past week in this market has been very quiet, and but few orders have been received for Winter goods. Prices for goods on hand, in consequence of the unsettled state of trade generally, are depressed and nominal, but for goods to order they continue quite firm, with sight, if any, decline from recent rates; the late decline in some of the materials used in the manufacture of Boots and Shoes barely enables the manufacturers to continue making up at former prices and realize a small profit, which they have not been able to do under the late high prices asked for Leather. With a limited number of manufacturers and jobbers business continues good; the cold and wet weather of the last few days livens up trade with retailers in this section, and they are hurrying up all uncompleted orders. Among the retail trade of the city there is much complaint about the proportion in the cutting of ladies' high button boots. The shipments of goods for the past week show a falling off; this is to be expected at this season, and they will be likely to run small for the next six weeks. Shipments of goods begin to increase the last week in January, and continue good until the first week of May. Total shipments of Boots and Shoes by rail and sea for the week 9,730 cases.—*Shoe and Leather Reporter.*

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec 6.—Cotton 1/8c higher; sales 4,300 bales; Middling uplands 17 @ 17½c. Flour 15¢ 25c higher; sales 16,000 bbls.; State at 8 20 @ 10 50; Round Hoop Ohio at 9 60 @ 12 75; Western at 8 20 @ 10 50; Southern at 9 75 @ 14 00; California steady. Wheat 3 @ 5c higher; sales 53,000 bush.; No. 1 Chicago Spring at 2 35 @ 2 38; No. 2 do at 2 28 @ 2 32; White California at 2 95. Corn 2 @ 3c higher; sales 46,000 bush.; Mixed Western at 1 35 for new; White Southern at 1 32. Oats heavy; sales 48,000 bush.; Western at 79 @ 80c. Beef heavy. Pork heavy and dropping; mess at 21 41. Lard firmer and active; sales at 12½ @ 12¾c in bbls. Whiskey quiet. Rice quiet. Sugar quiet. Coffee quiet. Molasses quiet and firm. Naval Stores dull; Spirits Turpentine 54 @ 55c; Rosin 3 00 @ 8 00. Petroleum quiet; crude at 10c; refined bonded at 23½c. Tallow heavy at 11 @ 11¼. Wool quiet. Freights to Liverpool quiet.

TOLEDO, Dec. 4.—Flour quiet. Wheat advancing; sales Amber at 2 48 @ 2 50; for the last half of December at 2 53. Corn quiet; old and new active at an advance of 4 @ 5c; sales of new at 85 @ 89c. Oats advanced 4 @ 5c; sales of No. 1 at 60 @ 63c. Rye sales at 1 38 for No. 1. Barley quiet. Dressed Hogs at 3 50 @ 7 75.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6—Flour firmer and moderately active; Spring extras 7 25 @ 10 00. Wheat unchanged. Corn declined ¼c; quoted at 79 @ 85c. Oats firmer and advanced 5 @ 7c; sales at 1 50 @ 1 55 for No. 1, closing at the outside price. Barley unsettled and lower; sales at 1 65 @ 1 66 for No. 2. Mess Pork 20 00 for January delivery and 21 50 for cash. Lard easier at 12 @ 12½c. Green Meats steady; hams 11c; shoulders 7c. Bulk Meats quiet; shoulders 7½c. Sweet Hams steady at 12c.

CINCINNATI, Dec 6.—Whiskey dull and nominal. Mess Pork in moderate demand; sales of old at 21 00 and new at 22 50. Lard in speculative demand at 12¼ @ 12½c, and 13c asked.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 4.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton—no demand above 12½c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat very dull; prime to choice Fall at 2 40 @ 2 52½. Corn firm at 86 @ 88c. Oats firm at 70 @ 72c. Barley firm at 1 40 @ 1 55 for Spring and 1 80 @ 2 00 for Fall. Rye steady at 1 50. Mess Pork at 21 00. Bacon—shoulders 11c; clear sides 15c; green Hams 8c; shoulders 8c; rib sides 11½c; dry salt shoulders 8¼ @ 8½c; do rib sides 11½c; do clear sides 15c. Lard at 12¼ @ 12½c for tierces. Live Hogs active at 6¾ @ 7c, the latter for extra heavy; killed to date 82,000 head.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 4.—Tobacco firm; logs at 5 25; light leaf 15 75. Flour—superfine 7 75 @ 8 25. Wheat declining at 2 20 @ 2 45. Corn advancing; new on the ear at 81 @ 82c; in bulk. Oats in bulk at 65c. Hogs lower at 7 @ 7½c in packers, gross. Mess Pork—lil at 20 00; new 23 00. Bacon—new, shoulders 11¼ @ 12c; clear sides 15½c. Lard at 13c for tierces. New Hams 18c. Raw Whiskey, in bond, 35c. Cotton—Low Middling 13½c. Groceries steady; New Orleans choice Sugar 15c. Carolina Rice 11c.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 4.—Cotton active at 13 @ 13½c. Oats at 75c Superfine 7 50. Pork nil at 20 50. Shoulders 12¼ @ 13c; clear sides scarce at 16½c. Lard at 13 @ 13½c.

MOBILE, Dec. 4.—Cotton in good general demand and closed steady; Middling at 14 @ 14½c; sales 2,600 bales; receipts 2,012 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Dec. 4.—Cotton firmer and more active; sales 990 bales; receipts 912 bales; Middling 14½c.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec 4.—Cotton opened steady and closed with an active demand; Middlings at 15c; sales 1,218 bales; receipts 2,010.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 4.—Cotton opened active and steady and closed firmer; sales 1,200 bales; Middling 15½c; receipts 1,200 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 4.—Spirits Turpentine dull; no sales; 43c offered. Resin active at 2 40 for common and 2 50 for extra No. 1. Tar advanced; sales at 2 25 @ 2 30. Cotton quiet and nominal at 13½c for Middling.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—Flour at 7 50 @ 8 00.—Wheat at 2 50 @ 2 60. Legal Tenders 73¾.

Foreign Markets.

HAVANA, Dec. 6.—Sugars—some sales made on the basis of 8¼ reals for No. 12. Exchange on London, 12¾ per cent. premium; on United States currency 25¾ @ 26 per cent. discount.

LONDON, Dec. 6—Noon.—Consols at 93 6-16 for money.

AMERICAN SECURITIES—United States 5-20's 71 3-16; Illinois Central Railroad shares 90½; Erie since 47½.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—The bullion in the Bank of France has increased 18,500,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 6.—Cotton opened firm rt 7¾d for Middling uplands and 7¾d for Middling Orleans; sales 12,000 bales; sales of the week 75,000 bales, of which 12,000 were for export and 4,000 for speculation; stock in port 432,000 bales, of which 78,000 bales are American. Breadstuffs—quiet. Corn has declined to 47s 3d. Other markets unchanged.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

STOCKS:—	
American Gold	136¾ @
U. S. Coupon Sixes, 1881	112¼
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, 1862	107¼
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, 1864	104¼
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, 1865	105¾
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, Jan and July '67	107¼
U. S. Ten-Forties, coupons	101¼
U. S Seven-Thirties	104½
New York Central	114
Erie	71½
Reading	95
Michigan Southern	86½
Chicago & Rock Island	96¾

Boston Stock List.

Sales at the Brokers' Board, Dec 6.

American Gold	137½
United States Coupons, June	136
U S Coupon Sixes, 1881	112¾
United States 7-30s, June	104½
" " July	104½
United States 5-20s, 1864	
" " July, 1864	105
" " 1865	105
" " 1867	107¼
United States Ten-forties	101½
Eastern Railroad Sixes, 1871	94½
Eastern Railroad	111½
Boston and Maine Railroad	135
Boston and Maine R R Rights	2¼
Rutland 2d Mortgage Bonds	40
Portland, Saco & Portsmouth Railroad	99½

Farm for Sale.

In Gray of 100 acres, 16 miles from Portland, 1-2 mile from meetings, mills, store and school, heavily wooded, well watered, well divided, pleasantly situated. Buildings a one story house, wood house and barn that cost $1200 in '57. A fine dairy farm, that will be sold at a bargain, together with a wood lot and pasture adjoining and thirty acres of good intervale a mile away, if desired. Inquire of R. A. ALLEN, near the premises, or of the subscriber in Portland, Exchange st., corner of Federal.

Aug 16, 1867. BENJ. ADAMS. wtf

PERPETUAL

BROOM.

NOW OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Patented April 24th, 1866.

THIS Broom, although recently patented, and placed before the public, has already become the favorite wherever offered, and of the very many sold, we have scarcely heard of an instance where it has failed to give perfect satisfaction.

The Lead is light, its adjustment to the handle is so simple, that anybody can put it on, and a child eight years old can fill it ready for use.

We ask an intelligent public to examine this Broom, and have perfect confidence in their decision. The economy of this Broom is beyond any other, as after purchasing the family right the cost cannot exceed ten cents to fill it with broom corn. The broom corn can always be purchased of the manufacturer, or can be easily raised by the parties using the same.

Good Agents!

WANTED

To canvass, to whom steady employment and $150 per month guaranteed.

Town and County Rights for Sale.

Address or apply personally for Agency to

A. C. TUXBURY,

Proprietor of State,

w4w*46 SACO, MAINE.

Dr. J. W. Chapman's

Cholera and Dysentery Syrup

Prepared from the original Recipe by

George Moore, Great Falls, N. H.

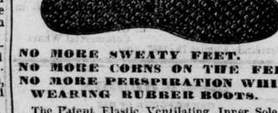
This Syrup is a superior article for the cure of Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Summer Complaints of children.

It is entirely free from mineral substances.
It cures Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Cholera Morbus.
It cures Summer Complaints of Children.
It is perfectly safe to use.
It costs only 50 cents per bottle.
It is for sale by all druggists.

GEORGE MOORE, Proprietor.

aug9-w2m

NO MORE COLD FEET!



NO MORE SWEATY FEET.
NO MORE CORNS ON THE FEET.
NO MORE PERSPIRATION WHILE WEARING RUBBER BOOTS.

The Patent Elastic Ventilating Inner Sole, *removes all these troubles.* No invention is giving greater satisfaction to purchasers. Boot and Shoe Dealers have them. Price $1 per pair. E. A. HILL, Proprietor, 7 Union St, Boston, Mass. dc6eod4wim

STATE OF MAINE.

AN adjourned meeting of the "Commissioners investigating affairs of the Insane Asylum," will be holden at the Hospital on

TUESDAY, the 10th day of December

next, at 9 o'clock, A. M. All persons in possession of any facts which they may deem important in reference to said institution, are hereby requested to communicate the substance of such facts in short to us by letter, previous to the time aforesaid. If any such matter is deemed of sufficient importance by us to warrant it, all persons making such communications will be summoned before us to give evidence, and their fees will be paid.

Address, *Commissioners Investigating Affairs of Insane Asylum*, Insane Hospital, Augusta, Maine.

A. A. ROWERS, JARED FULLER, JAMES M. DEERING, } Commissioner.

Augusta, November 26, 1867. td

Sheriff's Sale.

CUMBERLAND, ss.

TAKEN on execution and will be sold at public auction on Saturday, the eleventh day of January, A D 1868, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the Sheriff's office in the city of Portland, in said county all the right title and interest whether in equity to redeem or otherwise, which James E. Harris has or had on the thirteenth day of February, A D. 1866, at 5 o'clock and five minutes in the afternoon, and on the seventh day of March, A D 1866, being the time of the attachments of the same in the original writ, in the following described parcel of Real Estate in said Portland, to wit: All that certain parcel of land situated on the eastern side of Canton street, in Portland aforesaid, being the same conveyed by William W Thomas to said Harris by deed dated July 21, A D. 1865, recorded in Registry of Deeds in Cumberland County, book 351 page 438 to which reference is to be made for more full description, together with all said Harris' right title and interest in any building thereon; said sale being for the purpose of securing the payment of, and enforcing and satisfying a lien on said premises as will more fully appear by reference to the judgment and execution which issued thereon, had and obtained by Samuel W. Joy, against said Harris at the October Term, A D 1867, of the Supreme Judicial Court, Cumberland County.

The above described premises being subject to a mortgage to William W. Thomas, recorded in Cumberland Registry of Deeds book 335, page 139 given to secure the payment of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars as follows: One hundred dollars a year for nine years, and tour hundred and fifty dollars ten years from date, with interest on said sums quarterly. Mortgage dated July 21, 1865.

Dated at Portland this 6th day of December A. D. 1867.

E. N. PERRY, Dept. Sheriff.

dc6d1tw3w

To the Hon. Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court next to be holden in Portland within and for the County of Cumberland, on the second Tuesday of October, A. D. 1867.

SOPHIA M. PATTERSON, of Portland, in said County, respectfully libels and hereby informs the court that she was lawfully married to William B. Patterson, at Dover, N. H, on the thirteenth day of June A. D. 1851, and thereafterwards lived with said William as man and wife, at said Dover and at said Portland until the second day of June, A. D., 1866, when her said husband being wholly regardless of his married obligations, sent your libellant to visit her friends, and while she was absent he sold all his property and left the state, taking with him one Jane Emerson, and your libellant has heard nothing of or from her said husband since that time. And she says that she always has been a faithful wife to said William B. Patterson, and that said William B. Patterson on said second day of June, A D 1866, and on divers other days and times before the filing of his libel has committed the crime of adultery with said Jane Emerson. And your libellant declaring it to be reasonable and proper, conducive to domestic harmony and consistent with the peace and morality of society, respectfully prays that the bonds of matrimony between her and her said husband may be dissolved by this Honorable court.

And your libellant further informs the court that she has one only daughter, named Clara L. Patterson, age twelve years, and she prays that the care and custody of her said child may be decreed to her.

SOPHIA M. PATTERSON.

W. H. Vinton, Attorney Lib't.

STATE OF MAINE.

CUMBERLAND, 88.—At the Supreme Judicial Court, begun and held at Portland, within and for said County of Cumberland, on the second Tuesday of October, Anno Domini, 1867,

Upon the foregoing, libel Ordered, that the libellant give notice to the said William B. Patterson, to appear before the Justices of our Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Portland, within and for the county of Cumberland on the second Tuesday of Jan. next, by publishing an attested copy of said libel, and this order thereon, three weeks successively in the Maine State Press, a newspaper printed in Portland, in said County of Cumberland, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the sitting of said Court, that he may then and there in our said Court appear and show cause if any he has why the prayer of said libellant should not be granted.

ATTEST: D. W. FESSENDEN, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court thereon.

ATTEST: D. W. FESSENDEN, Clerk.

$25.00 Reward. Lost.

ON TUESDAY LAST, in the City of Portland, a pocket book containing about $28.00 in Greenbacks and Town Orders on Town of Windham, No. 62, dated June 30, '66, and Nos 304, 305, 306, 309, 311, 312, 314, 317, and 318, dated Oct 26, 1867, amounting in all to $220.00 and orders on School District No. 8, Windham, amounting to $26.83, and orders on School District No 8 and 9, dated Oct 26, 1867, amounting to $83.70. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing said orders as payment has been stopped.

Any person who will return the pocketbook and contents when lost, shall receive the above reward, or be suitably rewarded for the return of the papers.

H. H. BOODY, Collector of Windham.

North Windham, Oct 31, 1867. no2SWw*

MISCELLANEOUS.

Blindness,

Deafness,

AND

Catarrh.

DR. CARPENTER,

OCULIST

AND

AURIST,

will return to the

United States Hotel!

PORTLAND,

and can be daily consulted until further notice, on and after

Thursday, November 21st,

UPON

Catarrh,

Asthma,

Scrofula,

Deafness,

Noises in the Head, Discharges from the Ear, Nasal and Aural Polypus, Inflamed Eyes, Films, Opacities,

and all diseases of

The Eye, Ear,

AND

THROAT.

ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED.

☞ In most cases the remedies can be applied at home, without interfering with the patient's usual habits.

Consultation at Office Free!

But letters must contain one dollar to ensure an answer.

Hundreds of testimonials received during the Doctor's past four years' practice in Maine, can be seen at Dr. C.'s Rooms.

Office Hours 9 to 12 A. M., 2 to 4 and 6 1-2 to 7 1-2 P. M.

November 18. dlm

Humphrey's Homœopathic Specifics,

HAVE PROVED, from the most ample experience, as entire success; Simple, Prompt, Efficient, and Reliable. They are the only Medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have raised the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

		Cts.
No. 1	Cures *Fevers*, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
" 2	" *Worms*, Worm-Fever, Worm-Colic,	25
" 3	" *Crying* Colic or Teething of Infants,	25
" 4	" *Diarrœa* of children or adults,	25
" 5	" *Dysentery*, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
" 6	" *Cholera-Morbus*, Nausea, Vomiting,	25
" 7	" *Coughs*, Coids, Bronchitis,	25
" 8	" *Neuralgia*, Toothache, Faceache	25
" 9	" *Headaches*, Sick-Headache, Vertigo,	25
" 10	" *Dyspepsia*, Bilious Stomach,	25
" 11	" *Suppressed* or painful Periods,	25
" 12	" *Whites*, too profuse Periods,	25
" 13	" *Croup*, Cough, difficult Breathing,	25
" 14	" *Salt Rheum*, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
" 15	" *Rheumatism*, Rheumatic Pains,	25
" 16	" *Fever and Ague*, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
" 22	" *Ear Discharges*, Impaired Hearing,	50
" 23	" *Scrofula*, enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
" 17	" *Piles*, blind or bleeding,	50
" 18	" *Ophthalmy*, and sore or weak eyes,	50
" 19	" *Catarrh* acute or cronic, Influenza,	50
" 20	" *Whooping-Cough*, violent Coughs,	50
" 21	" *Asthma*, Oppressed Breathing,	50
" 24	" *Diphtheria*, Ulceration and Sore Throat,	50
" 32	" *Sufferings at Change of Life*,	1 00
" 33	" *Epilepsy*, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
" 34	" *General Debility*, Physical Weakness,	50
" 25	" *Dropsy*, and scanty Secretions	50
" 26	" *Seasickness*, sickness from riding,	50
" 27	" *Kidney Disease*, Gravel,	50
" 28	" *Nervous Debility*, *Seminal emissions*,	1 00
" 29	" *Sore Mouth*, Canker,	50
" 30	" *Urinary Incontinence*, wetting bed,	50
" 31	" *Painful Periods*, even with Spasms,	50

FAMILY CASES.

35 Vials, Morocco Case, and Book,	$10 00
20 large Vials, in Morocco, and Book,	6 00
20 large Vials, plain case, and Book,	5 00
15 Boxes (Nos 1 to 15) and Book,	3 00

VETERINARY SPECIFICS.

Mahogany Case 10 Vials,	$10 00
Single Vials, with directions,	1 00

☞ These Remedies by the case or single Box are sent to any part of the Country, by mail or express, free of charge on receipt of the price. Address

Humphrey's Specific HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPY Office and Depot No 562 Broadway, New York.

DR. HUMPHREY is consulted daily at his office, personally or by letter as above, for all forms of diseases. dc6eodly

Mill for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the WATER-POWER SAW MILL owned by him, situated on the Point River, in the County of Westmorland, New Brunswick, 66 miles from St John, and 23 miles from Moncton.

The Mill is comprised of a Broad Gate and Single Saw Gate, with Edger and Trimmers.

—ALSO—

A BOX SHOOK MACHINE,

Capable of manufacturing 900 Shooks per day of 10 hours.

The Mill and Machinery are all in good working order.

The property is 4½ miles from the Petitcodiac Station of the E. & N. A. Railway, in direct communication with the Harbor of St John at the one end, and Moncton on the other.

The Stream is large with a never failing supply of water, a clean Rocky bottom entirely free from mud or impurities of any kind, and the Manufactured Lumber is capable of being rafted and driven to within 500 yards of the Railway, at which a siding could easily be put in at very little expense, and it is nearly level with the railway.

Along with the Mill there are 500 acres of land, 25 acres of which are in a good state of cultivation and cut about 15 tons of hay, and a good comfortable dwelling house capable of accommodating about 30 men, with several Workmen's Houses, Barns, Sheds, Blacksmith Shop, &c., all in good condition.

There are 600 acres of Crown Forest Land which will be sold with the property, if desired. There is also a large extent of Crown Lands for nearly 30 miles above the Mills, which has never been operated upon, to which extent Lumber can be driven.

There is a sufficient quantity of pine and spruce Timber convenient to the River to furnish stock for Manufacturing purposes, for the next 25 years. Intending purchasers can treat for one half or the whole.

For further particulars apply to the subscriber at Petitcodiac Station, or to St. John.

J. J. McLAUGHLIN, JR., HUGH DAVIDSON.

dc5-w6w

CLOTHING!

We are now opening a great variety of

CLOTHING!

For Men's and Boys' Wear,

of all sizes. Also,

HATS AND CAPS

of the latest styles, at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

ORIN HAWKES & CO.,

292 Congress Street, opp. Preble House.

October 16. w2m

DR. ALBERT EVANS,

DENTIST,

No 8 Clapp's Block, Congress St.,

BETWEEN PREBLE AND ELM,

PORTLAND, ME.

☞ All operations warranted to give satisfaction Ether administered when desired. apr1/67wtf

SMALL & KNIGHTS,

IMPROVED

Excelsior Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory and Ware-Rooms,

No. 16 Market Square,

c1w3m40 PORTLAND, Me.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby notified not to trust or give credit to any person on my account without a written order from me.

WILLIAM CHASE, Stevedore and Rigger.

Dec 5 dlw*

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW GOODS, JUST OPENED!

J. W. & H. H. McDUFFEE,

Corner of Middle and Union Streets,

Have just received a large invoice of

New and Elegant Goods!

SUITABLE FOR ALL KINDS OF PRESENTS!

Something new in French Jet and Coral Sets at Prices which come within the reach of all.

*Our stock of WATCHES is the LARGEST ever offered in this State, among which can be found Watches from the most celebrated Makers in Europe and

Poetry.

The Love Romance of Benjamin West.

[From Harper's Magazine.]

Something more than a hundred years ago, when Philadelphia was little more than a large village, the spacious old-fashioned mansion of Mr. Shewell, which stood in one of the principal streets, was of the aristocratic class of dwellings. He was a proud and hard man, and thought much of the distinction of his family, to say nothing of his wealth. At the time of our narrative his sister Elizabeth, an orphan, was a member of his family, and dependent on him for support. She was never a belle in the brilliant circles of that period, for her beauty was of that soft and touching kind which wins gradually upon the heart rather than strikes the senses like that of the more dazzling order. She usually wore her dark brown hair parted in waves over a low white forehead, and her complexion was of that clear paleness which better interprets the varying phases of feeling than a more brilliant color. Her eyes were dark gray, and so shadowed by thick and long lashes that they seemed black in the imperfect light; her small, rosy mouth had a slight compression of the lips that betokened determination and strength of will. The superb curve of her neck and the rounding of her shoulders would have enchanted a statuary. Her nature, too soft and clinging for the *role* of leadership in society, had yet a firmness that promised full development whenever called into action through her affections.

She had already come into collision with the iron will of her brother, and that in a point which she could not yield. One afternoon there has been words between them, such as should not pass between those so near in blood. Mr. Shewell angrily paced the handsomely furnished parlor where the interview had taken place. His features were marked by strength bordering on hardness, and the heavy frown on his brow did not render them more prepossessing. The young girl was seated in an attitude of deep dejection, and wiped away at intervals the tears that stole silently down her cheeks.

Suddenly Mr. Shewell stopped before her and said, with a sternness his efforts to speak mildly could not overcome:

"Once for all, I ask, *Elizabeth, will* you do as I wish?"

"I cannot, brother," she answered, looking up.

He had been urging her to marry a wealthy suitor.

"I have told Mr.—— my mind," continued the young girl, encouraged by her brother's silence, "and it is not to his credit that he should apply to you after knowing my feelings.

"Elizabeth!" exclaimed Mr. Shrewell, with a violence that startled her, "I will know the reason of this obstinacy. Once my wish was law to you."

"And so it is, and so it shall be, brother, in all thing right. But I cannot do what duty, virtue, religion forbid; I can not utter false vows—"

"No more of this nonsense!" cried the brother. "Your duty is to do as I counsel for your good; your religion is worthless if it teaches disobedience to your natural protector. Mr. —— *is* the husband I have chosen for you."

"But I can not love him, and therefore I will not marry him," answered the girl, firmly.

"Will not?"

"No, brother."

"I'll tell you whom you shall *not* marry, then!" cried Mr. Shewell, angrily. "The beggarly young Quaker on whom you have thrown away your affections! Ha!" as the girl's face flushed the deepest crimson, "it is Mr. *him* you have rejected the excellent offers made to you within the last year. Now, listen, Elizabeth! You are not to see or speak with that rascal of a painter again! Do you hear me?"

"I do, brother," was the faint reply.

"Give me your word that you will never speak to him again.

"I can not," she faltered; and a violent burst of tears choked her voice.

"Go to your chamber!" cried the brother. "I will take care of you, since you will not take care of yourself. Not a word, but go." And as the weeping girl quitted the parlor Mr. Shewell called up the servants, and laid his injunctions upon them, one and all, to refuse admittance to "Ben West," should he ever present himself at the door; and on no account to convey to him any communication from their young mistress, on the penalty of severe punishment.

Elizabeth retired to her chamber, and wept long over her brother's austerity, wondering who had betrayed to him the closely-kept secret of her love. After many conjectures her suspicions fastened on the right person; it was, it could be no other than her rejected suitor, who, in the hope of furthering his own views, had informed Mr. Shewell of her interviews and correspondence with the young artist. How she hated him for the mean betrayal! How she longed for the moment to pour out on him the scorn she felt! But her heart was made for gentler emotions than the desire of vengeance, and her thoughts were soon turned to plan how she might effect a reconciliation between her brother and her plighted lover. As it grew toward dusk she arose, put on her cloak and hood, and bidding a faithful negress, a slave, attend her, went to the house of a friend where she had been accustomed of late to meet the youth to whom she had promised her hand.

The lovers met, and parted with lingering pledges of affection and promises of truth—promises that through all changes and chances their faith should be kept inviolate; that no interference should prevent the fulfillment of their vows when fortune removed the barrier that now interposed. They parted, to meet no more for long, long years; the boy artist to his toils as yet unrewarded by fame or gold, to his dreams of a bright future, and cheerful hopes destined to many disappointment ere the goal was won; the maiden to her solitary, secluded cherishing of the one dear trust which alone gave life its value; to sorrow and strife and trial, which strengthen and purify faith *in the loving heart*. It was late before she reached home, and her steps had been watched. The same ungenerous espial had followed her that evening as hitherto; her brother was informed of her interview with the youth he had forbidden her to see, and in his resentment at what he termed her daring disobedience, he resolved on measures which should subdue her spirit to submission. The next day Elizabeth found herself a prisoner in her own apartments. None of the household were allowed to approach the room save the female slave before mentioned; Mr. Shewell gave notice to his sister that she would be allowed no freedom till she gave the pledge he required—never to hold intercourse with young West. She refused to give the promise, and bore the durance patiently.

Elizabeth Shewell was the daughter of an English gentleman, and had been early left an orphan. She was committed to the charge of her wealthy brother, who deemed himself the sole and rightful arbiter of her destiny and had resolved that she should make an advantageous match. Though not naturally an austere man, he possessed a resolution that nothing could bend; and it never occurred to him that his gentle and yielding sister could offer opposition to his will. When she showed symptoms of having a mind of her own on a subject involving the happiness of her future life, her resistance only strengthened his determination to control her decision. "What does a young girl know about marriage?" was his mental observation. The conviction that she was incapable of wise judgment justified, in his opinion, the severe measures he thought fit to adopt, that she might be made happy in spite of herself.

Elizabeth found consolation in her forced seclusion, for the faithful negress was the bearer of many a letter between the separated lovers; and absence was cheered by the sweet assurances contained in those folded treasures. The maiden trusted and hoped on, for her fond and true heart felt itself strong to overcome all things.

At this period the genius of the youthful painter was hardly known beyond his own neighborhood. It was not long, however, before the knowledge that artist-power of no common order was hidden in the Quaker lad whose poverty prevented its development, awakened the interest of a few liberal gentlemen in Philadelphia and New York. The productions on which young West had bestowed most labor were purchased by them, and these evidences of his great talent inspired them with a wish to aid him further. His industrious application to the art to which his life had been consecrated with the prayers and blessings of his parents, enabled him in a few months to realize a sum sufficient, as he thought, for a foundation on which to begin the building of his fortunes; and by the advice and assistance of his patrons he determined to go and prosecute his studies at Rome.

In 1760 West sailed for Leghorn, and thence proceeded to Rome, where he arrived in July. To his biography belongs the account of his reception and brilliant success. The maiden of his choice, on his departure, was restored to freedom and society; but she lived only in the hope of reunion with him, in whose rising fortunes she rejoiced because they brought nearer and nearer the day of their joyful meeting.

Five years passed, and West was established in London. His fame was spread throughout Europe, and sovereigns did honor to his genius. Independence was secured. His desire now was to return to his native country and claim the hand of her who had remained faithful to him in every change of fortune. Letters from his American friends altered his purpose. They informed him that Mr. Shewell still opposed his marriage with his sister, and that she could not receive him at her own home. A plan was proposed—somewhat romantic, but suited to the exigencies of the case—which had been submitted to Miss Shewell, and met with her approval. The artist's father, Mr. West was to take the young lady under his protection, and cross the ocean to bring the bride to her husband.

This scheme was highly pleasing to the lover, who wished to save his betrothed the pain and mortification a struggle with the will of so near a relative would cause her. He wrote to his friends to signify his glad assent, and to urge Miss Shewell's immediate departure. He wrote also to Elizabeth, describing the life to which he should introduce her, and the impatient anxiety with which he should await her arrival.

All a lover's fond hopes and blissful expectations were poured out in his letters, and earnestly he besought her to hasten the hour when their long separation should end.

The course of their true love, however, was destined to another interruption. One of the letters, by some unfortunate miscarriage, fell into the wrong hands, and the whole plan of her flight was discovered by her brother.—There is reason to believe he forgot the tenderness due his sister in his resentment at what he termed her obstinate disobedience and duplicity toward him. Forgetful that past harshness had justly forfeited her confidence, and that he had no good reason to offer for a refusal to sanction her heart's choice, he aimed to conquer, as before, by violent measures. Once more the fair girl was condemned to the solitude of her own apartment; her sole companion being the female slave who had always attended her. This injustice roused the spirit of Elizabeth. In trifles her nature was yielding; but her love for West had become a religion; her duty to him was felt to be paramount, and she was firm as adamant where principle was concerned. Her resolution was taken. The negress, in the confidence of her young mistress, was the bearer of letters between her and the devoted friends of West who had first concerted the plan of her going to him.

Those friends were Francis — afterward Judge—Hopkinson, Benjamin Franklin, and William White, afterward Bishop of Pennsylvania. The particulars of Mrs. Shewell's escape were communicated by the Bishop himself to a granddaughter of Mr. Shewell, a lady of acknowledged literary ability, and distinguished in the society of the town where she resides. She was named after her aunt, Mrs. West.

It was not long before the friends had matured a plan, which they communicated to Elizabeth Shewell. She approved it, and promised her co-operation.

It was past midnight, and a vessel at the dock was in readiness to set sail for England in less than an hour. The preparations had been completed before dusk, and passages engaged for the elder West and a lady who was to be brought on board late that night. At that period the custom of retiring to rest early prevailed. The deep silence that reigned through the city was unbroken by voice or footstep, and the lights had long been extinguished in Mr. Shewell's mansion, as four or five men wrapped in cloaks passed cautiously along the street opposite, crossed directly in front of the house, and stopped, looking up as if they expected a signal from one of the upper windows. All was quiet and dark; the faint light of the street lamps scarcely serving to dissipate the gloom in which it was scarcely possible to recognize each other's features.

They had waited but a few minutes when a window above was softly raised and the outline of a figure might be dimly discerned bending from it, as if seeking to discover who stood below. One of the party threw up a rope, which was caught. A rope-ladder was drawn up, and after the lapse of a short time was again lowered. Those below pulled at it forcibly to ascertain that it was securely fastened, and then one ascended to the apartment into which the window opened, and gave his assistance in fastening the ladder more firmly.

It was now the moment for summoning all her energies, and Elizabeth stepped upon the ladder aided by her companion, the negress having been dismissed at the usual hour for retiring, for her mistress was too generous to involve her in difficulty by making her a party *to her elopement*. The descent was accomplished in safety, and the trembling girl was received in the arms of those who awaited her, so overcome with fear that she was near fainting, and unable to articulate a reply to the anxious inquiries of her friends. One terror possessed her—the dread that her brother would be awakened by the noise, and intercept them before her escape could be accomplished. She made eager signals that they should be gone, and, supported by one of the party, walked forward as rapidly as possible. Her strength might not have held out for a long walk, weakened as she was by alarm and anxiety; but a carriage was in waiting at the corner of the next street. Before they reached this the noise of hurried footsteps startled them, and the party hastened with their prize into the shadow of a narrow alley. The beating of the poor girl's heart might have been heard as they stood thus concealed, and her apprehensions almost darkened into despair as the irregular footsteps approached. It was only some late wanderers returning home, after a long revel, unwonted in that city of orderly habits. When the sound of footsteps ceased the maiden was borne rather than led along by her friends to the carriage and placed securely within it. One by one they followed her, and the carriage was driven fast to the wharf where the vessel lay in readiness to weigh anchor.

The elder West, the father of Benjamin, received them on the wharf, and welcomed his future daughter. The weeping girl was taken on board, and conducted to the cabin. In silent sympathy with her feelings—natural in a situation so new and embarassing—the friends stood around her The ship's crew were busy on deck, and in half an hour all was ready to set sail. The signal was given for the departure of those who had escorted the fair passenger; they took a kind leave of her, speaking words of encouragement and hope that the future might be all sunshine to one so trustful and loving. A slight bustle overhead, a noise of cheering, and the vessel was in motion. The danger of discovery was over!

The voyage was a tedious one, the vessel being delayed by storms and contrary winds. She anchored safely at length in the harbor of Liverpool. Many people were on the wharf, and there was no little commotion—for the arrival of a ship was not so common a thing as now—and the people were eager to hear the news from the colonies, between which and the mother country discontents had already arisen to an alarming height.

Amidst the scene of confusion, the shouting and running to and fro, one young man pressed forward eagerly, making his way through the crowd to the edge of the pier. He was one of the first to spring on board the vessel as she touched the wharf. It was *the painter West. His father*, whom he had not seen for eight years, had perceived him, and, with an exclamation of joy, started forward to greet him. The son, unable to speak, waved him aside with his hand, gasping the name of "Elizabeth?" while the eagerness of his pale face expressed the questioning more earnestly than language could have done.

The old Quaker pointed toward the cabin. The young man rushed thither, and in a moment the long-divided lovers were locked in each others arms.

The elder West had followed his son, and saw the embrace in which both forgot their long years of cruel separation. Again and again the young artist drew back to gaze on his beloved, and clasped her again to his full heart.

"Hast thou no welcome, Benjamin, for thy old father?" at length asked the old man, who had stood quietly for some minutes, smiling at the joy he witnessed.

"That I have, father!" cried the son; and a warm greeting was given to the venerable parent, who needed no apology for having been at first neglected. The happy party proceeded the same day to London.

On the 2d of September, 1765, the wedding was solemnized in the church of St. Martin's-in-the-Fields. The lovely young bride felt that she had done right in sacrificing some natural scruples to bestow her hand on him to whom her faith was pledged. The years that had flown since their parting had added intellectual grace to her girlish beauty with a touching interest never imparted till sorrow has chastened the gay spirit of youth. As she stood at the altar, the meek light of truth upon her brow—her eyes beaming with the gentle and loving expression habitual to them—all who saw her thought so beautiful a bride had never stood in that sacred place.

In London Dr. Drummond, Archbishop of York, was the special patron of West. By him he was presented to the King as a young American of extraordinary genius. George III received him with much kindness, and introduced him to the Queen, with whom Mrs. West, "the beautiful American," as she was called at court, soon became a favorite. She was frequently sent for to her Majesty's private apartments; and the charm of her gentle loveliness, of her winning manners, and her cultivated mind, thus acknowledged by royalty, was owned through the circles of the proudest aristocracy in the world. Yet this universal admiration and the smiles of fortune could not spoil so pure and childlike a spirit. Her letters written to friends at home—still in the possession of the family—breathe only of the kindness of all she met, and in particular of "gracious Queen Charlotte."

The story of West's career is familiar to every reader. It will be remembered that the Royal Academy of Fine Arts was established through his instrumentality, and that he was honored by the King with favors the most liberal and munificent. The exhibition at the Academy of the first picture painted by West, at the command of his Majesty, established his reputation. In 1772 he was named Historical Painter to the King, and on the death of Sir Joshua Reynolds was unanimously elected President of the Royal Academy. His wife had never cause to regret that she had given up her early home for him.

When the artist was at the height of his fame a portrait of his wife, painted by him, was sent across the Atlantic by her as a peace-offering to the brother who had never forgiven her elopement. But Mr. Shewell refused to look upon the picture. Till his death it was stowed away among the lumber in a small room in the attic of the ancient family mansion. This closet was the playroom of the grand-children, and one of them remembers having often, in her saucy moods, beaten with her switch the "naughty aunty" whose "counterfeit presentment" her grandfather could not bear to see.

The sending of the picture was not the only attempt made by the affectionate sister to win back the brother's heart estranged from her. But her letters were unanswered. After some years Mrs. West wrote only to her niece, the mother of the celebrated author Leigh Hunt. By the next generation, however, the memory of one who loved so much is cherished with reverent affection.

FOR SALE!

To close a concern, Brig WENONAH, A2, now lying at Deake's Wharf, 275 tons O. M., 11 years old, calked all over last summer; part of her sails new.—Carries 366 tons coal, or 630 payable hogsh. Molasses, 6500 box shooks. She has a Half Poop, and will be sold low by applying at Dyer & Pierce, Market St.

dc6dlw* DYER & PIERCE.

REAL ESTATE.

$1800 for a good 1 1-2 story House

And One Acre of Land, in Westbrook, within three minutes walk of the Horse Cars. The house is modern and convenient. Plenty excellent Sott Water at the door. Has a good barn and wood-house. Only $1000 cash required down. Apply to W. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.

dc6-d3w*

Two Story House for $2500.

ON Adams street, contains eleven finished rooms. Has plenty filtered water. The house will accommodate two families. Is convenient to the Portland Company, the Boston Steamers and Grand Trunk Depot. Apply to W. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.

no6dtf

Land for Sale.

A PART of the late Mary S. Lunt's Estate, near Portland, via Tukey's Bridge; in parcels to suit Purchasers. Enquire in person or by letter of JAMES JOHNSON, Stroudwater, Westbrook, Adm'r of said Estate with will annexed. oct 22-d&wtf

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

The three story brick house on Free Street, now occupied by the Right Rev. Bishop Bacon, is now offered for sale. The house contains thirty rooms, and is a very desirable location for a

First Class Hotel or Genteel Boarding House,

it being but a few steps from the centre of business. The lot is very large, containing more than nineteen thousand square feet. This is a rare opportunity to purchase one of the best locations in Portland. Apply to WILLIAM H. JERRIS, oct6dtf Real Estate Agent.

For Sale---One Mile from Portland.

THE beautiful residence occupied by Rev. W. P. Merrill, situated in Westbrook, on the Back Cove road, known by the name of the Machigonne Villa. The grounds are tastefully laid out with walks, flower beds, splendid evergreens and shade trees; about 200 pear, apple, plum and cherry trees in bearing; plenty of currents and gooseberries; about an acre of strawberries—raised 1,600 quarts this year. The lot embraces nearly four acres, with streets 60 feet wide all round it. The buildings—a fine house with 15 rooms, French roof and cupola, and a piazza round three sides; warmed with furnace, good well and cistern in cellar; gardener's house and summer house, and good stable well finished with cellar.

Terms easy. For particulars inquire on the premises, or of WHITTEMORE & STARBIRD, on Commercial street; or FERNALD & SON, corner of Preble and Congress streets.

Sept. 3. dtf

For Sale.

THE cottage house No. 26 Myrtle Street. Has a brick cistern, filtered water. The house contains nine rooms in thorough repair and nearly new. For particulars enquire on the premises. Possession given the first of November.

☞ If not sold by the first of November, a part of the house will be to let. oct3 dtf

Genteel Residence for Sale in Gorham.

One of the Finest Residences in Gorham.

Now occupied by Major Mann is offered for sale. The house is two stories, thoroughly finished inside and out, and is situated in one of the most beautiful villages.—The lot is large, upon which is fruit trees of various kinds, shrubery, &c. A nice spring of excellent water is handy to the door, and large cistern in cellar. It also has a fine stable. This excellent property will commend itself to any man who is in want of a pleasant home within 30 minutes ride of Portland.

For further particulars enquire of W. H. Jerris, Real Estate Agent, at Horse Railroad Office, Opposite Preble House. jy30dtf

Valuable Hotel Property for Sale.

THE Oxford House, pleasantly situated in the village of Fryeburg, Oxford county, Maine, is offered for sale at a bargain, if applied for soon.

The House is large, in good repair, with furniture and fixtures throughout, together with all necessary outbuildings.

For full particulars inquire of HORATIO BOOTHBY, Proprietor.

Or Hanson & Dow, 541 Union st. Fryeburg, Sept. 29, 1866. dtf

Land on Commercial Street to Lease.

THE subscriber is desirous of improving his lots on Commercial street, and will lease a part or the whole for a term of years.

Or he will erect buildings suitable for manufacturing or other purposes, if desired.

Proposals will be received by E. E. UPHAM, or the subscriber.

N. P. RICHARDSON.

May 30th. may31dtf

To be Sold Immediately.

TWO Houses and lots in City. Price $900 and $1,600. House lots in Cape Elizabeth $50 to $100.

JOSEPH REED, Real Estate Agent, Oak and Congress sts.

Octobes 2. dtf

For Sale or Lease!

Pleasantly situated in North Yarmouth, 12 miles from Portland, a 1½ story brick House recently put in good repair; garden with fruit trees, good water, &c. Blacksmith Shop with two forges, in good repair; 20 acres of land, cut 10 tons of hay this season, and a young orchard of 50 apple trees in a flourishing condition. It is the best locality in the County for general jobbing and carriage work. For particulars enquire of ALBERT CHASE, at E. K. Lemont's Carriage Shop, Preble st, Portland. no19eod3w

TURNER'S FIG POULOUREUX OR Universal Neuralgia PILL.

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than TWO OR THREE PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Cronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of on

MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS,

who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package.	$1.00,	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages,	5.00,	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00,	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors.

120 Trevont St., Boston, Mass.

October 31. 2taw 6m

P. P.

Paper Pantalets.

THE FURLONG PAPER PANTALET COMPANY

Are now prepared to supply the Market through their agents for Maine,

DEERING, MILLIKEN & Co.

PORTLAND,

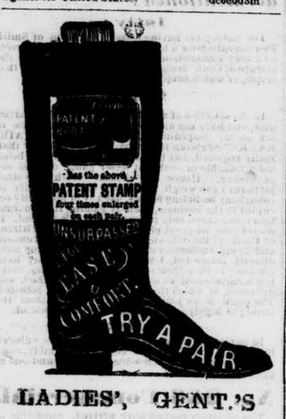
With this superior article. They are the cheapest and most economical Paper Goods ever put on the market!

Furlong Paper Pantalet Co.,

MECHANIC FALLS, ME.

☞ H. B. CLAFLIN & CO, New York, General Agents for United States.

dc6eod3m



LADIES', GENT.'S —AND— CHILDREN'S

Boots & Shoes!

NEW GOODS!

New Prices!

JUST RECEIVED!

E. NUTTER,

No. 40 Center Street.

nov16dTuThS4w

Young Men in the Country

SEEKING EMPLOYMENT CAN

Make $5, to $10, per day

IN Selling an article needed in every family. Business light and honorable. Only a few dollars Capital required. We want energetic agents in every County in the United States.

☞ Sample sent postpaid, for fifty cents.

Nov. 26. eod2w ROANOKE MFG. CO., 551 Pearl st., N. Y.

Dress and Cloak Making!

MISS S. E. JACKSON,

WOULD respectfully announce to her friends and the public that she has returned to the city and taken the rooms over A. J. Upton's, 313 Congress St., First Door from Congress, where she will be happy to meet them.

☞ Satisfaction in every respect will be guaranteed. nov25eod4w

CIGARS. 200 M. Imported and domestic Cigars for sale by C. C. MITCHELL & SON, 178 Fore Street

MISCELLANEOUS.

Secure Profitable Investment.

THE

CENTRAL

Pacific Railroad

First Mortgage Thirty Year, Six per Cent. Coupon Bonds,

Principal and Interest payable in Gold Coin,

Represent the preferred claim upon one of the most important lines of communication in the world, as it is the sole link between the Pacific Coast and the Great Interior Basin, over which the immense overland travel must pass, and the

Main Trunk Line Across the Continent.

The road is now nearly completed from Sacramento the Richest Mining Regions in the Salt Lake Basin, and is being rapidly carried forward by the largest force of laborers ever employed by any Railroad Company on this continent.

The natural, legitimate, commercial business of the road surpasses all previous expectation, and is profitable beyond parallel, even among the oldest roads in existence. The Earnings and Expenses for the Quarter ending Oct 31, were as follows, IN GOLD:

Gross Earnings.	Operating Expenses.
$593,847.92	$102,088.61.

Net Earnings. $491,759.31.

This result, however, would have been far greater but for the inability of wagon teams to forward the freight and passengers from the temporary terminus in the mountains.

The United States Government and the State and Cities of California have so aided and fostered the Great Enterprise that the company will assume very light annual interest obligations, and will have the following ample Resources at command for the Construction:

DONATIONS in Lands, Bonds, Concessions, etc, (without lien),	$12,800,000
CAPITAL STOCK, Net Earnings, etc, (no lien),	11,000,000
LOANS, (subordinate lien)	3,000,000
U. S. SUBSIDY BONDS, 726 miles, (subordinate lien)	25,517,000
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS	25,517,000
Resources, first 726 miles,	$77,834,000

The FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS are in sums of $1000 each, with the semi-annual gold coupons attached, and are offered for sale, for the present, at 95 per cent. and accrued interest from July 1st, in currency, at which rate they yield nearly NINE PER CENT upon the Investment.

These Bonds, authorized by the Pacific Railroad acts of Congress, are issued only as the work progresses, and to the same extent only as the Bonds granted by the Government; and are the prior lien upon the whole valuable property furnished by the above Resources. They possess special assurances and advantages over other Corporate Securities, and are destined to rank among the Best Investments in the World, from their unusual attractions of safety, soundness and profit.

Conversions of Government Securities

INTO

Central Pacific First Mortgage Bonds

Now realize for the holders

FROM TWELVE TO EIGHTEEN PER CENT. ADVANTAGE,

With the same rate of interest.

☞ Bonds can be obtained through the subscribers directly, or through responsible Banking Agencies.

Descriptive Pamphlets, Maps and information can be had at the office of

Office of the C. P. R. R. Co., No 54 William St, N. Y., and of

Fisk & Hatch,

Bankers and Dealers in Gov't Securities,

—AND—

Financial Agents of the C. P. R. R. Co.,

No. 5 Nassau Street, N. Y.

AND OF

Brewster, Street & Co., Boston.

Nov 30-d3m

EVANS & BAILEY,

Nos. 1 and 2 Free Street Block,

Manufacturers and dealers in

FURNITURE!

Of Every Description.

We would respectfully call the attention of purchasers to our very large stock of

New and Fashionable Furniture!

of entirely new patterns, never before introduced into this market.

Having completed our arrangements, we are prepared to furnish

Drawing-Room & Parlor Suits

Library Suits, Chamber Sets,

and common furniture in

Walnut, Chestnut, Oak or Pine!

in any style desired.

Every description of fine

FINE REPAIRING!

done in the most faithful manner by first class workmen. Our stock of OFFICE FURNITURE is very large and of great variety.

Mattresses and Bedding!

of all kinds on hand or made to order.

The balance of our large stock of

CROCKERY!

we are selling at less than wholesale prices, to make room for furniture. Ornamental painting done to order in any style required.

EVANS & BAILEY,

nov15d4w Nos 1 and 2 Free St. Block.

New Firm, New Goods.

THE undersigned would announce to the trade that they have formed a copartnership under the firm name of

LOCKE, MESERVE & CO.,

For the transaction of a general

Dry Goods Jobbing Business,

And will occupy

Chambers No. 83 Middle Street,

Opposite Canal National Bank,

Until on or about November 1st, when we shall remove to the new and spacious store

NOS. 54 & 56 MIDDLE STREET.

We shall open at our present location, on Thursday August 15th, with an

Entire New Stock

—OF—

Fresh and Desirable Goods!

Purchased for Cash

In New York during the late severe depression in the Dry Goods market.

Our stock will be found

COMPLETE AND ATTRACTIVE

In Every Department,

And to which we shall be

Making Daily Additions

DURING THE SEASON.

☞ THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

☞ Orders w[illegible]mpt attention.

August 15, 1 KK MESERVE & OO.

CHAS. W. WINGATE,

117 and 119 Middle, Cor. Temple Street,

Invites the attention of this community to his stock of

Watches, Jewelry!

—AND—

SILVER WARE.

Articles of Jewelry and Silver Ware made to order in the best manner. Having been in the wholesale trade, has superior facilities in this respect.

Elegant designs of HAIR JEWELRY to order.

Watch Work, Engraving and Repairing by Skilful Workmen.

CHARLES W. WINGATE, Middle, corner Temple St.

nov25d2w

Star Match Corporation.

W. & C. R. MILLIKEN,

Portland, Me.,

GENERAL SELLING AGENTS.

IN offering to the public the Star Match, we claim for them the following advantages to the consumer, over any other Match, viz:

Each bunch is full count, one hundred.

Each gross contains 576 more than the common card matches.

The full count is equals to about six bunches more in a gross than other matches.

They keep in any climate.

They have less odor than any other Sulphur Match.

They are longer than any other Sulphur Card Match.

They answer both for Splint and Card Matches

They do not black the wall when rubbed on it.

They are packed in fine shipping order, in cases containing 10, 20 and 30 gross each, in 1-4 gross packages.

The above named firm are the sole Selling Agents for the corporation.

E. P. GERRISH, J. S. MARRETT, MANASSEH SMITH, } Directors.

October 1. dtf

CAMDEN

Anchor Works!

WE are now making ANCHORS of all sizes, and selling at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. None but the best of Iron used.

☞ Heavy forging done to order. All work WARRANTED. H. E. & W. G. ALDEN, PROPRIETORS.

Camden, Sept. 19, 1866. aprl9dtf

Tents.

A FULL supply of Tents, of all sizes, for sale at store Commercial Street, head of Widgery's Wharf. jun26 dtf

COPARTNERSHIP.

New Firm. Nov. 1, 1867.

HAINES & SMITH,

HAVING purchased the stock of the late firm of

HAINES SMITH & COOK,

will continue to carry on the

Hardware Business!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ We shall soon remove to our New Store in Rackleff Block, Middle St.

F. HAINES, ALBERT SMITH.

Portland, Nov 1, 1867. dtf

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of

FREEMAN & LEIGHTON,

And have taken the Store No 11 Market st, where they conduct the business of Pork Packing and keep a general assortment of Groceries and Country Produce. SAMUEL FREEMAN. ORLANDO LEIGHTON.

Portland, Nov 20, 1867. no22d1w d5w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership of Harris & Waterhouse, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. J. W. Waterhouse is authorized to adjust the business affairs of the concern, and all demands due them are to be paid to him at No. 12 Exchange street, Portland.

F. R. HARRIS. J. E. WATERHOUSE.

November 25. dtf

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscribers have this day formed a copartnership under the name of

Evans & Greene,

And will continue the business of

COAL AND WOOD!

At the old Stand

281 Commercial St, Head Smith's Wharf.

We have on hand and offer for sale at the lowest cash prices, the different varieties of Hard and Soft Coals, all of the first quality, and delivered in the best possible order. Also

HARD AND SOFT WOOD,

Delivered in any part of the city.

WM. H. EVANS. CHAS H. GREENE.

Portland, Nov 1st, 1867. nov1d f

NEW FIRM.

THE subscribers have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting the retail

Boot, Shoe and Rubber Business,

Under the firm name of

ELWELL & BUTLER,

And taken the store recently occupied by Messrs. Elliot & McCallar,

No. 11 Market Square.

Having added a large stock of goods to that purchased of Messrs. E. & M., we are prepared to furnish every style and description of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, which we shall sell at the very lowest cash prices, hoping thereby to retain all former patrons and their friends and the public generally an opportunity to buy good goods at desirable prices.

A. LEWIS ELWELL. J. F. BUTLER.

Portland, Oct 15, 1867. oc18dtf

Copartnership Notice.

W. H. WALDRON and GEO. W. TRUE, from the late firm of E. H. Burgin & Co., have this day formed a Copartnership under the style of

GEORGE W. TRUE & CO.,

for the purpose of conducting a wholesale

Meal, Grain & Flour Business,

to commence as soon as our new mills are completed. GEO. W. TRUE, W. H. WALDRON,

Portland, Sept. 30, 1867. dtf

JAS. H. BAXTER, ISAAC H. VARNEY and WM. G. DAVIS, all of Portland, County of Cumberland and State of Maine, hereby certify that they have this fourth day of November, A. D. 1867, at said Portland, joined a limited partnership in accordance with the provisions of the revised Statutes of Maine, Chap. 33.

1st—The style of said Partnership shall be VARNEY & BAXTER.

2d—Said Wm. G. Davis of said Portland, is the Special Partner, and said Isaac H. Varney and Baxter of said Portland are the General Partners.

3d—The said firm is to transact at said Portland the business of Jobbing Fancy Goods and Small Wares, and General Merchandise, and said Davis contributes to the capital thereof the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8000) cash.

4th—Said partnership commences from November 4th, A. D. 1867, and ceases one year from that date.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands this fourth day of November A. D. 1867.

Signed JAS. H. BAXTER, I. H. VARNEY, WM. G. DAVIS.

STATE OF MAINE.

CUMBERLAND, SS. On the fourth day of November personally appeared Jas. H. Baxter, Isaac H. Varney and Wm. G. Davis aforesaid, and severally made oath to the truth of the foregoing certificate and acknowledged the same as their free act.

Before me, (Signed) THOMAS M. GIVEEN, Justice Peace.

CUMBERLAND, ss. Registry of Deeds. Received Nov. 7, 1867, at 9h 50m A. M., and recorded in Book 352, Page 487.

Attest: THOMAS HANCOCK, Register.

no12d6w

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscribers have formed a copartnership under the firm name of

EDWARD H. BURGIN & CO.,

will continue the business of

Corn, Meal, Flour and Grain,

AND

Manufacture of Dairy and Table Salt,

AT OLD STAND

No. 120 Commercial Street.

EDWARD H. BURGIN, E. S. GERRISH, EDWARD S. BURGIN.

Portland, Sept. 30, 1867 oct. 5. 6dtf

Copartnership Notice.

GEORGE L. DAMON, has this day been admitted as a partner in our firm. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm name of C. STAPLES & SON.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

SHIPS' TANKS MILL WORK OF ALL KINDS,

Bridge Work, and General Machinery built to order. Castings for Buildings, Vessels, and all other purposes promptly furnished.

Repairs on Marine and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers faithfully executed, and having control of a large and well equipped Forge, can quickly furnish

FORGINGS OF ANY SIZE,

for such purposes. We also have good facilities for supplying such patterns as may be wanted. Having the necessary tools and men, we propose to build to order

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes of any Size,

with interior arrangements as ordered, Bank Vaults, Steel Lined Chests, Iron Doors, Shutters, &c., and would refer to the Safes in the First National and Portland Savings Bank, and the Vault and Iron Doors in Hon. Geo. W. Woodman's new stores, built under the superintendence of our Mr. Damon, as specimens.

CHARLES STAPLES, CHARLES STAPLES, Jr., GEORGE L. DAMON.

Portland, August 1, 1867. aug2eod6m

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of

Donnell, Greely & Butler,

And taken the store No 31 Commercial st., corner of Franklin and Commercial, where they will continue the business as

Commission Merchants,

And Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, FLOUR PORK, LARD, FISH, &c.

J. B. DONNELL, JUSTUS GREELY, A. BUTLER.

Portland, Aug. 1, 1867. au3eodtf

STEAM REFINED SOAPS!

LEATHE & GORE,

WOULD solicit the attention of the trade and consumers to their Standard Brands of

STEAM REFINED SOAPS,

—VIZ:—

EXTRA, FAMILY, NO. 1, OLEINE, CHEMICAL OLIVE, CRANE'S PATENT, SODA AND AMERICAN CASTILE.

All of SUPERIOR QUALITIES, in packages suitable for the trade and family use.

Importing direct our chemicals, and using only the best materials, and as our goods are manufactured under the personal supervision of our senior partner, who has had thirty years practical experience in the business, we therefore assure the public with confidence that we CAN and WILL furnish the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices!

Having recently enlarged and erected NEW WORKS, containing all the modern improvements, we are enabled to furnish a supply of Soaps of the **Best Qualities**, adapted to the demand, for **Export and Domestic Consumption.**

LEATHE & GORE'S

STEAM REFINED SOAPS!

SOLD BY ALL THE

Wholesale Grocers Throughout the State.

Leathe & Gore,

397 Commercial St, 47 & 49 Beach Street,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

arch 26—dtf

DR. JOHNSON'S

Sea Foam Dentifrice!

THIS Preparation is recommended by eminent Dentists, Physicians and Chemists, as being second to none in use, for cleansing, polishing and preserving the teeth, hardening the gums, and